USCG Asset Guide

A Desktop Reference Guide to the USCG for the Radio Hobbyist

Last Updated: 7-8-08 by M. Cleary Send updates to: mjc843@comcast.net



Editor's Notes

- The AP reported recently that Coast Guard C-130s would be conducting Arctic Domain Awareness flights every two weeks from Kodiak. During one of the flights Chinese research vessels were unexpectedly found in the Arctic. There will also be an experiment this summer to see if operations from Barrow are possible.
- The new cutter Bertholf was delivered to the Coast Guard on May 8th. It made port visits to Miami and Baltimore before departing for it's homeport in California.
- The Coast Guard accepted CG 2304, the fourth HC-144A Ocean Sentry Maritime Patrol Aircraft, on May 8th.
- The Coast Guard accepted the third missionized HC-130J, CG 2003, on May 12. The HC-130Js
 are to replace the 1500 series H models at Elizabeth City. The Coast Guard is awaiting proposals
 that will include missionization of the remaining three aircraft, plus Secret Internet Protocol Router
 Network (SIPRNET) capability for all six aircraft.
- CGAS Port Angeles HH-65s were recently transferred to Barbers Point as Port Angeles upgraded to the MH-65C model.
- The Seaspray 7500E active electronically scanned array radar is replacing the APS-137 radar on HC-130H models. It will be installed on all H models by 2009.

CG Press Releases & News of Interest

Coast Guard cutter and ferry collide - 7-2-08

BOSTON - The Coast Guard is responding after a Coast Guard cutter and ferry carrying 257 passengers and eight crew collided approximately three miles north of Block Island, R.I., around 12:15 p.m., today.

No injuries have been reported at this time.

Coast Guard Sector Long Island Sound received a call from the Coast Guard Cutter Morro Bay, a 140-foot buoy tender homeported in New London, CT, reporting they and the Block Island Ferry collided.

Neither vessel is taking on water. The ferry has a dent about five feet above the water line. The Morro Bay has minimal damage and is fully operational.

Coast Guard Station Point Judith, R.I., dispatched a 47-foot boat crew to assist and the Coast Guard Cutter Tiger Shark, an 87-foot patrol boat homeported in Newport, R.I., has also been diverted.

There are 18 crewmembers aboard the Morro Bay.

Visibility at the time of the collision was reported to be about 200 yards.

The ferry was in route to Block Island and the Morro Bay was in route to New London.

The cause of the collision is under investigation.

Coast Guard to Begin Training With Armed Helicopters - 4-17-08

CLEARWATER, Fla. - As part of an effort to expand homeland-security capabilities, helicopter crews from Coast Guard Air Station Clearwater, Fla., will begin Airborne Use of Force (AUF) training along Florida's West Coast, from Citrus County to Collier County, beginning April 18.

Providing our aircrews with the AUF capability will enhance our ability to perform our maritime security responsibilities, and therefore, better protect our community and serve our nation.

During this training, helicopter crews will simulate stopping a boat by firing blank rounds. Coast Guard small boats will serve as simulated targets. Coast Guard helicopter crews will also be conducting live-fire training exercises inside designated Department of Defense warning areas offshore.

While every effort will be made to conduct this training away from boating-traffic lanes and populated areas, the training may be visible and audible to boaters.

The safety of the public and our members is of the utmost concern and an integral component of the planning for the training. Coast Guard air crews who conduct the AUF mission are hand-selected, highly-trained individuals specifically chosen for this mission. This training will significantly increase the capabilities of the Coast Guard and enable our crews to better react to threats to maritime security.

The Coast Guard's AUF capability is used regularly by the counter-drug Helicopter Interdiction Tactical Squadron (HITRON). Trained gunners on armed helicopters operating from Coast Guard cutters fire disabling rounds into outboard engines with a heavy caliber, shoulder-fired rifles to stop drug smugglers that refuse to comply with warnings to heave-to. The concept has proved extremely successful and effective, paving the way for future Coast Guard AUF operations.

COAST GUARD OPENS SEASONAL AIR FACILITY - 5-26-08

WAUKEGAN, III. - The Coast Guard opened its seasonal air facility in Waukegan, III. on Friday, May 23,

2008 to provide enhanced search and rescue services to the Chicago and Milwaukee areas.

The seasonal air facility is located on Waukegan Regional Airport and is open during the traditional boating season which runs Memorial Day Weekend through Labor Day Weekend. Two crews and one HH-65C rescue helicopter from Air Station Traverse City, Mich. man the air facility to provide search and rescue services 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Air Station Traverse City, Mich. is a year-round air station maintained under the Ninth Coast Guard District to provide multi-mission capabilities in the Great Lakes region. The air station has 150 members and five HH-65C rescue helicopters and ensures that one ready response helicopter is available in Waukegan throughout the summer season.

USCG Air Asset Guide

Aircraft Fleet List

Tail	Туре	Homeplate	Last Log	Remarks
101	C-37A	CGAS Washington, D.C.	06-30-08	
102		CGAS Washington, D.C.	06-26-08	
1500		H CGAS Elizabeth City	06-30-08	
1501		H CGAS Elizabeth City	06-17-08	
1502		H CGAS Elizabeth City	06-19-08	
1503	HC-130	H CGAS Elizabeth City	05-08-07	
1504	HC-130	H CGAS Clearwater	08-03-07	
1700	HC-130	H7 CGAS Kodiak	02-03-08	
1701	HC-130	H7 CGAS Clearwater	07-06-08	
1702	HC-130	H7 CGAS Barbers Point	05-17-08	
1703	HC-130	H7 CGAS Kodiak	04-02-08	
1704	HC-130	H7 CGAS Sacramento	07-02-08	
1705	HC-130	H7 CGAS Kodiak	06-25-08	
1706	HC-130	H7 CGAS Barbers Point	02-15-08	
1707		H7 CGAS Clearwater	07-08-08	
1708		H7 CGAS Clearwater	07-05-08	
1709		H7 CGAS Kodiak	06-26-08	
1710		H7 CGAS Kodiak	06-13-08	
1711		H7 CGAS Elizabeth City	06-08-08	
1712		H7 CGAS Clearwater	06-21-08	
1713		H7 CGAS Barbers Point	05-02-08	
1714		H7 CGAS Barbers Point	08-25-07	
1715		H7 CGAS Sacramento	06-11-08	
1716		H7 CGAS Sacramento	06-14-08	
1717	HC-130	H7 CGAS Sacramento	02-28-08	
1718	HC-130	H7 CGAS Sacramento	07-03-08	
1719		H7 CGAS Clearwater	07-05-08	
1720	HC-130	H7 CGAS Clearwater	04-12-08	
1790	HC-130	H7 CGAS Sacramento	07-03-08	
2001		J CGAS Elizabeth City	05-18-08	
2002		J CGAS Elizabeth City	07-06-08	
2003		J CGAS Elizabeth City	07-08-08	
2004		J CGAS Elizabeth City	06-18-08	
2005		J CGAS Elizabeth City	06-24-08	
2006	HC-130	J CGAS Elizabeth City	06-09-08	

2101 2102 2104 2105 2106 2107 2108 2109	HU-25B ARSC CGAS Elizabeth HU-25D CGAS Miami HU-25C+ CGAS Corpus Christi HU-25D CGAS Miami HU-25A At AMARG HU-25A At AMARG HU-25A At AMARG HU-25D CGAS Cape Cod	06-11-08 06-24-08 06-11-08 03-13-08 03-13-08 03-13-08 12-23-07
2110 2112 2113 2114	HU-25A CGAS Cape Cod HU-25C+ CGAS Cape Cod HU-25D CGAS Miami HU-25D CGAS Miami	05-22-08 07-07-08 07-08-08 05-30-08
2115 2116 2117	HU-25A At AMARG HU-25A At AMARG HU-25A CGAS Miami	03-13-08 03-13-08 04-21-08
2118	HU-25B ATC Mobile	04-21-08 06-25-07 07-08-08
2120 2121	HU-25A ATC Mobile HU-25A ATC Mobile	06-17-08
2122 2124	HU-25B At AMARG HU-25A At AMARG	03-13-08 03-13-08
2124	HU-25B At AMARG	03-13-08
2127	HU-25A ATC Mobile	06-20-08
2128	HU-25D CGAS Miami	07-08-08
2129	HU-25C+ CGAS Cape Cod	06-20-08
2130	HU-25A At AMARG	03-13-08
2131	HU-25C+ CGAS Corpus Christi	06-07-08
2132	HU-25B At AMARG	03-13-08
2133	HU-25C+ CGAS Cape Cod	07-06-08
2134	HU-25A ATC Mobile	07-08-08
2135	HU-25C+ CGAS Corpus Christi	04-19-08
2136	HU-25A ATC Mobile	07-12-06
2137	HU-25A At AMARG	03-13-08
2138 2139	HU-25A At AMARG HU-25C+ CGAS Cape Cod	03-13-08 02-15-08
2140	HU-25C+ CGAS Cape Cod	06-28-08
2140	HU-25C+ CGAS Cape Cod HU-25C+ CGAS Corpus Christi	05-21-08
2301	HC-144A ATC Mobile	05-21-08
2302	HC-144A ATC Mobile	05-18-08
2303	HC-144A ATC Mobile	06-20-08
2304	HC-144A ATC Mobile	06-13-08
2305	HC-144A To be delivered in 20	
2306	HC-144A To be delivered in 20	
2307	HC-144A To be delivered in 20	09
2308	HC-144A To be delivered in 20	09
2309	HC-144A Funded FY 08. To be	delivered in 2010
2310	HC-144A Funded FY 08. To be	
2311	HC-144A Funded FY 08. To be	
2312	HC-144A Funded FY 08. To be	
2313	HC-144A Funds Requested FY	
2314	HC-144A Funds Requested FY	
6001	MH-60J CGAS Sitte	07-08-08
6002 6003	MH-60J CGAS Sitka MH-60J CGAS Elizabeth City	07-07-08 07-05-08
6003	HH-60J CGAS Cape Cod	07-05-08 07-05-08
6005	MH-60J CGAS Cape Cou	01-15-08
6006	MH-60J ATC Mobile	04-08-08
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6007
      MH-60J CGAS Kodiak
                                         03-28-08
6008
      MH-60J CGAS Clearwater
                                         07-03-08 Deployed to OPBAT
6009
      MH-60J CGAS Elizabeth City
                                         05-28-08
6010
      MH-60J CGAS Clearwater
                                         07-02-08
      HH-60J CGAS Cape Cod
6011
                                         06-17-08
      MH-60J CGAS Clearwater
6012
                                         07-04-08
      MH-60J CGAS Kodiak
6013
                                  05-16-08
6014
      MH-60J CGAS Elizabeth City
                                         06-20-08
6015
      MH-60J CGAS Clearwater
                                         11-08-07
      MH-60J CGAS San Diego
6016
                                         07-01-08
      MH-60J CGAS Clearwater
6017
                                         12-22-06
6018
      MH-60J CGAS Clearwater
                                         03-12-08
      MH-60J CGAS Clearwater
6019
                                         07-08-08 Deployed to OPBAT
6021
      MH-60J CGAS Kodiak
                                         05-04-08
6022
      HH-60J CGAS Astoria
                                  01-02-08
6023
      HH-60J ATC Mobile
                                         03-07-08
      MH-60J CGAS Sitka
6024
                                         03-20-08
6025
      MH-60J CGAS Cape Cod
                                         07-05-08
6026
      MH-60J CGAS Sitka
                                         03-16-08
6027
      MH-60T ATC Mobile
                                         06-18-08
6028
      HH-60J CGAS Cape Cod
                                         04-21-08
6029
      MH-60J CGAS Clearwater
                                         07-08-08
      HH-60J CGAS Astoria
                                  06-15-08
6030
      HH-60J ATC Mobile
6031
                                         07-03-08
6032
      HH-60J CGAS Cape Cod
                                         05-28-08
6033
      MH-60J CGAS Clearwater
                                         07-08-08
6034
      MH-60J CGAS Clearwater
                                         07-03-08
6035
      MH-60J CGAS Kodiak
                                         12-17-07
6036
      MH-60J CGAS Elizabeth City
                                         06-23-08
6037
      MH-60J CGAS San Diego
                                         05-23-08
6038
      MH-60J CGAS Clearwater
                                         06-27-08
6039
      MH-60J CGAS Clearwater
                                         07-08-08
6040
      MH-60J CGAS San Diego
                                         06-10-08
6041
      MH-60J CGAS Elizabeth City
                                         07-07-08
6042
      MH-60J CGAS Clearwater
                                         07-08-08 Deployed to OPBAT
      MH-65C HITRON Jacksonville
6501
                                         06-08-08
6502
      HH-65C CGAS Humboldt Bay
                                         01-04-08
6503
      HH-65C CGAS Miami
                                         02-26-08
      HH-65C CGAS Los Angeles
6504
                                         01-30-08
      HH-65C CGAS Barbers Point
6505
                                         09-20-07
6506
      MH-65C HITRON Jacksonville
                                         10-17-07
6507
      HH-65C CGAS Houston
                                                06-09-08
      HH-65C CGAS Detroit
6508
                                         01-26-08
      HH-65C CGAS Kodiak
6509
                                         03-20-07
6510
      HH-65C ATC Mobile
                                         06-21-05
6511
      HH-65C CGAS Atlantic City
                                         03-27-08
      HH-65C CGAS Corpus Christi
6512
                                         03-26-07
6513
      HH-65C Unknown
                                         11-13-06
6514
      HH-65C CGAS Port Angeles
                                         05-01-08
      MH-65C CGAS Miami
                                  05-30-08
6515
      HH-65C CGAS San Francisco
6516
                                         02-12-08
      MH-65C CGAS Atlantic City
6517
                                         06-01-08
      MH-65C CGAS Miami
6518
                                         06-01-08
      HH-65C Unknown
6519
                                         09-17-04
      HH-65C CGAS Detroit
6520
                                         08-31-06
6521
      HH-65C Unknown
                                         05-17-05
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6522
      HH-65C CGAS Detroit
                                         03-14-08
      HH-65C Unknown
6523
                                         12-12-06
6524
      HH-65C East Coast
                                         07-06-08
6525
      HH-65C CGAS North Bend
                                         09-01-07
      HH-65C CGAS Borinquen
6526
                                         11-06-07
      HH-65C CGAS Detroit
6527
                                         05-23-08
      HH-65C West Coast
6528
                                         11-07-06
      HH-65C CGAS Sitka
6529
                                         01-25-08
      MH-65C CGAS Atlantic City
6530
                                         05-18-08
      HH-65C Unknown
6531
                                         05-15-08
      HH-65C CGAS Detroit
6532
                                         02-14-08
      HH-65C CGAS Savannah
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                                         03-27-08
      HH-65C CGAS San Francisco
6534
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6535
      HH-65C ATC Mobile
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6536
      HH-65C CGAS Miami
                                         02-16-07
6537
      HH-65C CGAS Port Angeles
                                         03-12-08
6538
      HH-65C CGAS Barbers Point
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6539
      HH-65C CGAS Corpus Christi
                                                08-09-07
6540
      HH-65C CGAS Atlantic City
                                         02-06-08
6542
      HH-65C CGAS Savannah
                                         05-12-08
6543
      HH-65C CGAS Port Angeles
                                         04-18-08
      HH-65C CGAS San Francisco
6544
                                         06-10-08
      HH-65C Unknown
                                         01-29-04
6545
      HH-65C CGAS Kodiak
6547
                                  01-17-08
      HH-65C CGAS San Francsco
6548
                                         06-10-08
6550
      MH-65C CGAS Port Angeles
                                         07-01-08
      HH-65C CGAS New Orleans
6551
                                         06-16-08
6552
      HH-65C CGAS San Francisco
                                         06-17-08
6553
      HH-65C CGAS Savannah
                                         05-30-08
6554
      MH-65C CGAS Atlantic City
                                         06-04-08
6555
      HH-65C CGAS Los Angeles
                                         11-19-07
6556
      MH-65C CGAS Borinquen
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6557
      HH-65C CGAS Miami
                                  12-18-07
6558
      MH-65C HITRON Jacksonville
                                         03-24-08
6559
      MH-65C CGAS Atlantic City
                                         07-08-08
      HH-65C CGAS Savannah
6560
                                         06-30-08
      HH-65C CGAS Savannah
6561
                                         06-10-08
6562
      HH-65C CGAS Atlantic City
                                         03-07-08
      HH-65C CGAS Miami
6563
                                         11-29-07
      HH-65C CGAS Miami
6564
                                         03-10-08
      HH-65C CGAS New Orleans
6565
                                         01-01-08
6566
      HH-65C CGAS Los Angeles
                                                06-27-07
6567
      HH-65C CGAS Los Angeles
                                         01-29-08
      HH-65C CGAS Traverse City
6568
                                         04-14-08
6569
      HH-65C CGAS Barbers Point
                                         11-30-07
      HH-65C CGAS Humboldt Bay
6570
                                         12-24-07
      HH-65C CGAS New Orleans
6571
                                         02-24-08
6572
      HH-65C CGAS San Francisco
                                         06-10-08
6573
      HH-65C Unknown
                                         02-22-06
6574
      HH-65C ATC Mobile
                                         03-01-08
      HH-65C CGAS Savannah
6575
                                         06-30-08
      HH-65C CGAS Atlantic City
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      HH-65C CGAS Miami
6577
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      HH-65C CGAS Miami
6578
                                         05-31-08
      HH-65C CGAS Miami
                                         02-07-08
6579
6580
      HH-65C Unknown
                                         06-08-06
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6581	HH-65C CGAS Atlantic City	07-02-08
6582	HH-65C CGAS Traverse City	07-19-07
6583	HH-65C CGAS Humboldt Bay	05-05-08
6584	HH-65C CGAS Atlantic City	10-20-07
6585	HH-65C CGAS Atlantic City	01-10-08
6586	HH-65C ATC Mobile	09-23-07
6587	HH-65C ATC Mobile	06-07-07
6588	HH-65C CGAS Los Angeles	07-07-08
6589	HH-65C CGAS New Orleans	01-28-08
6590	HH-65C CGAS Los Angeles	03-14-07
6591	HH-65C CGAS Port Angeles	08-04-07
6592	HH-65C CGAS New Orleans	04-16-08
6593	HH-65C CGAS Houston	04-11-08
6594	MH-65C HITRON Jacksonville	10-11-07
6595	HH-65C CGAS Atlantic City	01-28-08
6596	MH-65C CGAS Miami	05-18-08
6597	MH-65C HITRON Jacksonville	05-25-08
6598	HH-65C CGAS Detroit	04-26-08
6599	MH-65C CGAS Atlantic City	05-29-08
6601	Next in series	
6602	Next in series	
6603	HH-65C ARSC Elizabeth City	01-31-07
6604	HH-65C ARSC Elizabeth City	01-31-07

HC-130 Long Range Search Aircraft

Speed: 330 kts

Range: 4100 (H), 5500 (J) NM Endurance: 14 (H), 21(J) Hours

Crew: 2 (O), 5 (E)

Sensors: Active Electronically Scanned Array (AESA) radar, Electro-Optical/Infrared (EO/IR), AIS

equipped

HC-130 aircraft provide long-range air coverage over the entire Coast Guard area of responsibility. Under the Deepwater plan, the primary role of these aircraft will be to meet the long range maritime patrol requirements in the vast Pacific Ocean areas that cannot be accomplished by the medium range surveillance (MRS) CASA aircraft. The LRS will additionally provide heavy air transport for Deployable Operations Group teams. The LRS will receive Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear and Explosive Detection and Defense (CBR D&D) capabilities that will allow for insertion of specialized teams into potential "hot" areas.

The HC-130H fleet is equipped with a Forward-Looking InfraRed/Electro-Optical/Low-Light TV (FLIR/EO/LLTV) turret-mounted camera system. This system provides a 360-degree field-of-view and high-resolution software magnification allowing use at standoff ranges. In addition, a DAMA-compatible MILSATCOM receiver is being installed. The FLIR/EO/LLTV interfaces with the HC-130H's radar, allowing automatic direction of the FLIR system, reducing the operator workload for the tactical sensor operator. The 15xx series of HC-130H's is equipped to support the AN/APS-135 Side-Looking Airborne Radar (SLAR). Using the AN/APS-135, an area of over 100nm can be mapped on either side of the aircraft. This is especially useful in support of the International Ice Patrol and for tracking down sources of pollution.

Five older HC-130s are restricted in the amount of fuel they can carry due to center wing box structural fatigue. Mission time is reduced by 30%.

When the modernization and recapitalization project is complete, the LRS fleet will include a total of 22 aircraft: 6 new, fully missionized HC-130Js, and 16 HC-130Hs with upgraded radar and avionics.

The first missionized HC-130J was delivered on January 24, 2008. HC-130J modifications include: a belly mounted 360-degree surface search radar, direction finder system, nose-mounted electro-optical/infrared radar, an airborne Automatic Identification System and new communications systems.

The Seaspray 7500E active electronically scanned array radar is replacing the APS-137 radar on HC-130H models. It will be installed on all H models by 2009.

HC-144A Ocean Sentry Medium Range Search Aircraft

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Speed: 236 kts

Range: 1,565 NM (empty), 575 NM with cargo

Endurance: 8.7 Hours

Crew: 5

Sensors: ISAR Radar, EO/IR, SEI, AIS equipped

Cost per unit: \$33.5 million Planned Quantity: 36

The EADS-CASA CN-235-300CG MRS is an essential, highly capable element of the revised Deepwater implementation plan. This fixed-wing turbo prop aircraft provides invaluable on-scene loitering capabilities and perform various missions, including maritime patrol, law enforcement, Search and Rescue (SAR), disaster response, and cargo & personnel transport. The Mission System Pallet is a roll-on, roll-off suite of electronic equipment that enables the aircrew to compile data from the aircraft's multiple integrated sensors and transmit and receive both classified "Secret"-level and unclassified information to other assets, including surface vessels, other aircraft, local law enforcement and shore facilities. With multiple voice and data communications capabilities, including UHF/VHF, HF, and Commercial Satellite Communications (SATCOM), the HC-144A will be able to contribute to a Common Tactical Picture (CTP) and Common Operating Picture (COP) through a networked Command and Control (C2) system that provides for data sharing via SATCOM. The aircraft is also equipped with a vessel Automatic Identification System, direction finding equipment, a surface search radar, an Electro-Optical/ Infra-Red system, and Electronic Surveillance Measures equipment to improve situational awareness and responsiveness.

The MRS will be the second logistical workhorse for the fleet (with the LRS), with the ability to conduct Air Transport for smaller personnel and parts loads around the U.S. and Caribbean basin.

HU-25 Guardian

Speed: 460 kts Range: 2,250 NM Endurance: Hours Crew: 2 (O), 3 (E)

Sensors: ISAR Radar, EO/IR, SEI

The HU-25 Guardian is an American-built variant of the Dassault-Brequet Falcon 20 light-transport jet. A total of forty-one HU-25 jets were purchased by the USCG. At a later date, eight HU-25As were modified to the HU-25B standard and were equipped with the AIREYE surveillance system to detect pollution. Again, at a later date, an additional nine HU-25As were modified into the HU-25C Guardian Interceptor. These HU-25Cs were equipped with the AN/APG-66 Airborne Intercept Radar and were used in the drug interdiction role.

In 2000, the USCG began a series of upgrades to the HU-25 fleet. The upgrades produced two new variants; the HU-25C+ and the HU-25D. The HU-25C+ incorporates a variety of sensor upgrades. The AN/APG-66 was upgraded to an improved version providing greater detection range while reducing weight. In addition, a new Forward-Looking InfraRed/Electro-Optical/Low-Light TV (FLIR/EO/LLTV) provides a "wide-angle search, detection, classification, and identification" capability. This upgrade also incorporates a Tactical Work Station (TWS) similar to that on the HC-130H. The HU-25D was developed from the HU-25A. The HU-25A's AN/APS-127 radar was replaced with the AN/APS-143(V) Inverse Synthetic-Aperture Radar (ISAR) system. In addition, the HU-25D includes the same FLIR/EO/LLTV turret as the HU-25C+ and also incorporates the Tactical Work Station. A total of six HU-25Ds will remain in service.

The FY02 budget funded 17 operational airframes. Funding was provided to convert 6 HU-25A models to HU-25D models and all HU-25Cs were converted to HU-25C+ models. A May 2003 press release stated there were 9 C+ models and 6 D models active.

The Coast Guard plans to operate the HU-25 until 2014, but will begin phasing them out in 2009.

HH-60J/MH-60T Medium Range Recovery Helicopter

Speed 170 kts Range: 600 NM Endurance: 6 Hours Crew: 2 (O), 2 (E)

Pax: 6 (Armed) 18 (Unarmed) Sensors: Radar, EO/IR,

Armament: .50 Cal Sniper, M242 .60Cal Machine Gun

Cost per unit: \$3.5 million

Quantity: 42

The MRR solution has been dramatically altered in the revised Deepwater implementation plan. The HH-60 will be modernized with improved avionics and a new T700 turbine power plant. The hardened HH-60 will receive an Airborne Use of Force (AUF) package that will provide the capability to fire warning and disabling shots from the air while providing for crew protection from small arms fire. When deployed from a Coast Guard flight deck-equipped cutter, this gives the cutter the ability to apply force against a maritime target up to 400NM away. The MRR will additionally provide a Vertical Insertion and Vertical Delivery (VI/VDEL) capability – the ability to deliver a 6-person interagency counter-terrorism or response team 200NM from a US shore or a Coast Guard flight deck equipped cutter. The MRR will receive enhanced radar and optical sensors and will share a Common Operational Picture/MDA data exchange capability. The MRR will receive CBR D&D capabilities that will allow for insertion of specialized teams (e.g., NSF) into potential "hot" areas.

The revised Deepwater implementation plan retains and upgrades the Coast Guard's existing fleet of HH-60s rather than acquire new MRR replacement aircraft. The original Deepwater baseline had notionally selected the smaller AB-139 as the MRR. This aircraft was determined to be unsuitable to meet the post 9/11 Airborne Use of Force and Vertical Insertion/Vertical Delivery mission requirements. The retention and upgrade of HH-60s also creates a \$500M savings to the system that can be applied to other asset capability upgrades.

FY06 President's Budget Request: Funds HH-60 AUF and V/VDEL installs, avionics upgrades, service life extension work, search radar and EO/IR upgrades.

According to USCG testimony in July 2004 before a Congressional committee on homeland security there are five MH-60Js operating from CGAS Elizabeth City. In addition to the ability to mount M240 machine guns, they are flying with WESCAM 12D sensor gimbals, EFW head-up displays, RT5000 civil radios, and revised exterior lighting.

HH-60Js are being modernized with a digital cockpit, new radars, a M240 machine gun, and a M-14 rifle derivative and will emerge as MH-60Ts. There were 22 MH-60Js in service at the end of 2006.

On December 8, 2004 HH-60J # 6020 from CGAS Kodiak crashed into the Bering Sea during a rescue. Another HH-60J is being acquired to replace it.

The first MH-60T, CG 6027, completed modifications at ARSC in December 2007.

HH-65C/MH-65C Multi-Mission Cutter Helicopter

Speed: 160 kts Range: 400 NM Endurance: 4 Hours Crew: 2 (O), 1 (E)

Pax: 3-4 (Armed) 4 (Unarmed)

Sensors: Radar, EO/IR

Armament: .50 Cal Sniper, M242 .60Cal MG

Cost per unit: \$8.8 million

Quantity: 102

The MCH is an extremely agile and sophisticated aircraft that is dramatically improved through the revised Deepwater implementation plan. The MCH power plant is upgraded with Turbomeca 2C2 turbines providing substantial power, flight control and flight safety improvements. The MCH will receive enhanced radar and optical sensors and will share a Common Operational Picture/MDA data exchange capability. These capabilities will be integrated with an improved avionics suite. The MCH will receive CBR D&D capabilities that will allow for standoff detection and crew protection capability. Other improvements include strengthened landing gear, a reel in deck landing system for heavy seas, and a new 10-bladed tail rotor and drive shaft that will allow the HH-65 to to move horizontally to the left or right at 70 knots. The new designation following these upgrades will be MH-65C.

The MCH project also adds new communications systems –such as the AN/ARC-210 military satellite communications radio, AN/ARC-220 high frequency Automatic Link Establishment (ALE) radio, and the RT5000 multi-band radio, which connects an aircrew with federal, state & local law enforcement agencies and emergency services. The MCHs also will have a variety of navigation and mission enhancements, such as a ring laser gyroscope with integrated Global Positioning System, an inertial navigation system and a DF-430 direction finding system.

The MCHs will have weapons and self defense equipment, provided in AUF packages. The A-kit includes night vision goggle/infrared-compatible formation flying lights and cockpit displays, and an upgraded hailing system, mounts and internal stowage for ammunition and weapons. The AUF B-kit adds ballistic armor for aircrew protection, one M240 7.62mm general purpose machine gun and one RC50 .50 cal. precision rifle. The B-kit also provides a pilot's head-up display, night vision optics and a Forward Looking Infrared (FLIR) sensor.

The MCH will additionally provide a Vertical Insertion and Vertical Delivery (VI/VDEL) capability – the ability to deliver a 3-person interagency response team 50NM from shore or a Coast Guard flight deckequipped cutter.

Following the end of the MH-68A lease, 10 AUF-B equipped MH-65Cs will take over the HITRON's role. Six MH-65Cs will provide initial operational capability, with four others to be transitioned later.

Four HH-65 DOLPHINs (6541, 6546, 6549, & 6594) have been lost in service-related accidents since their introduction in 1985.

The altitude record for an HH-65 rescue was set by CG 6514 in May 2007. An injured man was hoisted from a mountaintop in Washington from an altitude of 7,000 feet.

C-37 Gulfstream V

Speed: 459 kts

Range: 6,500NM

Pax: 19

A single VC-37A aircraft is assigned to Reagan National Airport to serve as a long-range command and control aircraft that can be used to provide transportation for high-level Coast Guard and Homeland Security officials. It is capable of nonstop flight to any location in the United States. It is known as Coast Guard 01. CG 01 is the only ACARS equipped CG aircraft. It uses C101 on ACARS.

C-143 Challenger

Speed: Range: Pax:

A Canadair CL-604 Challenger is based at Reagan National Airport. Known as a VC-143 Medium Range Command and Control Aircraft, it's onboard secure communications suite provides operational support for high-level Coast Guard and Homeland Security officials.

RU-38B Reconnaissance Aircraft

Speed: 62-168 kts Mission Speed: 83 kts Ceiling 30,000 feet

Crew: 3

The design of the RU-38B is optimized to perform surveillance missions. Because it is point designed to carry integrated sensor payloads, it achieves better mission performance at significantly lower costs than aircraft designed for passenger or cargo-carrying roles. By equipping the RU-38B with two turbine engines and a modular payload concept, the same basic airframe can be adapted for low altitude, "quiet" reconnaissance or high altitude, standoff surveillance roles.

The RU-38B reconnaissance aircraft evolved directly from the SA 2-37B design. The most important differences between the RU-38B and the SA 2-37B are: a) the addition of twin turbine engines in a pusher-puller configuration; b) additional payload weight and volume; and c) a larger crew compartment. Because the RU-38B will routinely operate at low altitudes over water or hostile terrain, the addition of a second engine is important for safety. The aft engine has a full-feathering propeller and will typically be shut down during the "quiet" surveillance mode. The aft engine is in reality a redundant engine available to reduce the risk in the event of engine failure and to provide higher cruise speeds during ingress and egress.

The RU-38B is a third generation system that is unique because of the following innovative features:

Covert operation: low noise signature Twin-engine reliability: Rolls Royce 250 Series turbine engines Integrated, palletized multi-sensor payload suite Spacious cockpit with dedicated payload operator station Flexible mission performance: long endurance and high/low altitude

Low infrared signature

Low costs: acquisition and operating

Sensors: The RU-38B features 140 cubic feet of dedicated payload volume and the ability to operate with 800 pounds of mission sensors. Because the large payload bays were designed to palletize sensors, the RU-38B can be rapidly converted from one mission to another with modularized payloads. Large access doors are provided to all payload bays. Payload sensors and mission avionics are located in both tailbooms and behind the pilot/co-pilot seats in the fuselage.

The RU-38B's primary mission applications include: border integrity protection, counter drug detection and monitoring, maritime patrol, counter-terrorism surveillance, electronic intelligence collection, fisheries patrol, environmental monitoring, and search and rescue. For many missions, the RU-38B will be equipped with a SAR or sea search radar, a forward looking infrared (FLIR) system, a low light level electro optical sensor, and communication intercept electronics. These sensors are fully integrated to maximize day/night detection and monitoring capability. Precise GPS position data is integrated into the payload operator's display and the FLIR/EO imagery recorded on the RU-38B's dual recording system. Down link of sensor data is an option. It can also serve as a relay platform for control of UAV's or of signals from the ground or other aircraft. Mission effectiveness of the RU-38B results from its covert operating capability and integrated sensor suite. Mission flexibility results from its high/low altitude performance and modular payload concept.

Crew Station: The RU-38B crew station is spacious and designed to maximize the effectiveness of the sensor operator(s). The co-pilot in the left seat has full flight controls and can serve as the backup sensor operator with displays and controls for all payloads. As an option, the RU-38B aircraft can have a dedicated sensor operator station located behind the pilot and co-pilot seats.

Covert Operation: The RU-38B utilized many of the same accoustic signature reduction techniques that have proven to be so successful of the SA 2-37B. Low engine power levels are required to maintain cruise flight because of the high aerodynamic efficiency of the air vehicle. The engines have a specially designed reduction gear box so that the propeller speed can be reduced to as little as 1000 RPM. Both engine inlet and exhaust are quieted by proprietary, state-of-the-art techniques developed by Schweizer Aircraft. By reducing the noise signature of the RU 2-38B so that it will not be detected during loiter flight, the mission effectivity of the system is greatly enhanced.

Source: Schweizer Aircraft

Vertical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (VUAV) Program

The Eagle Eye UAV program has been shelved and the Coast Guard may soon test a Navy Fire Scout UAV on a cutter.

RQ-4 High Altitude Endurance Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (HAEUAV)

Speed: 340 kts Range: 2,800NM Endurance: 30 Hours

Sensors: ISAR Radar, EO/IR Cost per unit: Will be leased

Planned Quantity: 4

The RQ-4A is a leased system that will require no improvements in the revised Deepwater implementation plan. The baseline capability of the platform is substantial. The HAEUAV will have a

sophisticated sensor suite with ISAR radars and EO/IR cameras that will feed the national Common Operational Picture/MDA. The airframe will be equipped with a Specific emitter ID capability and AIS to feed the Intelligence-Information Collection and Sharing. The quantity of HAEUAVs in the system has been reduced to reflect the strategic utilization of the platform in future years

The FY06 budget request does not fund any capital investment in HAEUAVs, since this aircraft will be leased

from the supplier once the Deepwater infrastructure to support it has been fully implemented.

Aircraft Crashes & Accidents (Since 1993)

June 28, 2006 - HC-130H # 1710 suffered damage during landing on St. Paul Island, in the Bering Sea. The Kodiak based aircraft was on a logistics mission, transporting equipment. After the aircraft touched down, it departed the left side of the runway, damaging the right wing and separating one of the four propellers. The aircraft came to rest 50 yards left of the runway. There were no reported injuries to the nine Coast Guard personnel on board the aircraft.

February 11, 2006 - HH-65B # 6546 from CGAS Humboldt Bay crashed into the surf off Eureak, CA while rescuing several persons in the water. The crew survived without injury. The helo washed ashore.

December 8, 2004 - HH-60J # 6020 from CGAS Kodiak was evacuating crewmembers off the grounded Malaysian freighter Selendang Ayu off Unalaska Island when it was engulfed by a huge wave of water. The engines flamed out and the helicopter fell into the sea. An HH-65 rescued the three Coast Guard aviators, who were wearing survival suits, and one of the crewmen. After transporting the four crash survivors to Dutch Harbor, the HH-65 returned to hoist the 6020 rescue swimmer and Selendang Ayu

master from the bow section of the sinking vessel.

June 8, 1997 - HH-65A # 6549 from CGAS Humboldt Bay was responding to a sailing vessel taking on water at night in poor weather conditions and high seas. It is believed that the aircraft impacted the water while attempting to make an approach to the vessel. The four man crew perished.

July 12, 1994 - HH-65A # 6541 from CGAS Humboldt Bay was responding to a grounded sailing vessel. It was dark and the weather was poor as the crew attempted to descend through the fog to assist the vessel in distress. The helicopter impacted the side of a cliff and the entire four man crew was lost.

August 31, 1993 - HH-65A # 6594 from CGAS Brooklyn was delivering aids to navigation personnel and equipment to the Ambrose light tower. The helicopter landed short of the elevated helipad. The left main gear struck the edge of the pad, resulting in a rollover. The aircraft fell to the sea 100 feet below. Both pilots perished in the accident.

USCG Surface Asset Guide

Legends Class National Security Cutter (NSC/WMSL) (under construction)

Length: 418 feet Speed: 28 kts

Displacement: 4,300 tons Range: 12,000 nautical miles

Propulsion: CODAG (Combined Diesel and Gas) 1 Gas Turbine, 2 Diesels/Bow Thruster

Endurance: 60 Days

Aircraft: (2) HH-60/HH-65 helicopters or (4) VUAV unmanned aircraft

Boats: (2) Long Range Interceptors operating up to 200 miles away from NSC and (1) Short Range

Prosecutor

Crew (max): 18 Officers, 106 Enlisted

Armament: 57mm gun and MK 160 Gun Fire Control System, Close-In Weapons System with a SLQ-32 Electronic Warfare System, cruise-missile defenses with countermeasures consisting of SRBOC/NULKA chaff and rapid decoy launcher and Specific Emitter Identification (SEI) Sensor System that identifies other boats by their unique noise and radio waves. Will also include CBR defense capabilities. Four .50

cal machine guns also.
Cost per unit: \$355 million
Planned Quantity: 6-8 cutters

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WMSL 750 WMSL 751 WMSL 752	Bertholf Waesche Hamilton	NBCQ	Alameda, CA Alameda, CA Alameda, CA	60% complete

The NSC was designed to be the flagship of the fleet – capable of meeting all maritime security mission needs. The NSC contributes to Intelligence Collection/Information Sharing through a sophisticated S/SCIF, SEI sensors and increased data exchange bandwidth. The NSC's Deepwater and DoD interoperability capabilities are enhanced with DHS- and local responderinteroperable radio communications. The NSC flight deck will accommodate all variants of DHS and DoD HH-60 helicopters to provide enhanced interoperability with interagency and inter-service counter-terrorism teams. The NSC will now be fully integrated with the National Distress Response Modernization Program, known as RESCUE 21, which will provide the port commanders with real-time tracking of the NSC and seamless Common Operational Picture/MDA data sharing, including the Automated Identification System (AIS). The NSC Anti-Terrorism/Force Protection suite will include underwater sonar that will allow the cutter to scan ports, approaches, facilities and high-value assets for underwater, minelike devices and detect swimmers. The cutter's small arms mounts will be remote operated and fully integrated with the cutter's radar and infrared sensors such that the cutter and high-value assets under its protection can be protected from a USS COLE-like incident. The Maritime Security Capabilities allow cutter's weapons and command and control suite to be upgraded and hardened to better survive potential terrorist incidents and process increased data flow. This will include SRBOC/NULKA missile defense system with CIWS, SLQ-32, and a medium caliber deck gun (57MM) that will provide the ability to stop rogue merchant vessels far from shore. An integrated CBRNE Detection and Defense capability allows the NSC to remain on scene and operate in Weapons of Mass Destruction (WMD) scenarios.

Hamilton Class High-Endurance Cutter

Length: 378 feet Speed: 29 kts

Displacement: 3,300 tons Range: 9,000 nautical miles

Propulsion: CODAG (Combined Diesel and Gas) 2 Gas Turbines, 2 Diesels

Aircraft: 1 MH-68/HH-65 helicopter

Crew: 167

Years Built: 1967-1972

Armament: 76mm gun, 1 20mm Phalanx CIWS, cruise-missile defenses with countermeasures consisting of 2 SRBOC chaff and rapid decoy launchers. Two .50 caliber machine guns, 2 25mm Bushmaster guns. Remarks: Large frigate-like patrol ships, intended for open-ocean, long-range operations. Equipped with SIPRNET. The 378-foot cutters typically operate 185 days away from home port per year. USCGC Muno is slated to change homeport to Kodiak in 2007.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WHEC 715 WHEC 716 WHEC 717 WHEC 718 WHEC 719 WHEC 720	Dallas Mellon Chase Boutwell	NMAG NPCR NMEL NLPM NYCQ NMMJ	San Diego, CA Charleston, SC Seattle, WA San Diego, CA Alameda, CA Alameda, CA	Deployed to Med 5-25-08
WHEC 721	Gallatin Morgenthau Rush Munro Jarvis	NJOR	Charleston, SC	

Offshore Patrol Cutter (OPC/WMSM)

Length: 320-360 feet Displacement: 3,200 Tons

Speed: 22-25 kts

Range: 7,500 nautical miles Propulsion: 4 Diesels Endurance: 45 Days

Aircraft: 1 HH-65 or 2 HV-911 Boats: 2 LRI or 2 SRP Crew: 16 Officers, 75 Enlisted

Armament: 57mm gun, MK15 CIWS, SLQ-32, SRBOC/NULKA

Number planned: 25

OPC will feature increased range and endurance (60–90 day patrol cycles); more powerful weapons; larger flight decks; chem-bio & radiological environmental hazard detection and defense; and improved C4ISR equipment. The cutters will be equipped with air and surface search radars and target classification sensors. The cutters' mission influence will be extended by aircraft and a new generation of cutter boats.

The WMSM cutters will have stern ramp to accommodate small boat launch and recovery in higher sea states than conventional davit systems aboard legacy cutters. The new generation of cutter boats, including the Long Range Interceptor and Short Range Prosecutor, improve a cutter crew's over-the-horizon and local force protection capabilities.

The concept design phase is scheduled to begin in 2009.

Famous Class Medium-Endurance Cutter

Length: 270 feet Speed: 19 kts

Displacement: 1,800 tons

Range: 12,000 nautical miles

Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Aircraft: 1 MH-68/HH-65 helicopter

Crew: 100

Years Built: 1983-1991

Armament: 76mm gun, cruise-missile defenses with countermeasures consisting of 2 SRBOC chaff and

rapid decoy launchers and SLQ-32 EW system. Two .50 caliber machine guns.

Remarks: Multipurpose cutters designed for general patrol duties; fitted with a telescoping helicopter hangar. Designed for 14-day patrols, they are commonly forced to carry out 90-day patrols in the

Caribbean. Equipped with ALE & SIPRNET.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WMEC 90: WMEC 91:	1 Bear 2 Tampa 3 Harriet Lane 4 Northland 5 Spencer 6 Seneca 7 Escanaba 8 Tahoma 9 Campbell 0 Thetis 1 Forward	NRKN NIKL NHNC NLGF NWHE NFMK NNAS NCBE NRDC NYWL NICB	Portsmouth, VA Portsmouth, VA Portsmouth, VA Portsmouth, VA Boston, MA Boston, MA Boston, MA Kittery, ME Kittery, ME Key West, FL Portsmoth, VA	Remarks
WMEC 91:	z Legare 3 Mohawk	NRPM NRUF	Portsmouth, VA Key West, FL	

Reliance Class Medium-Endurance Cutter

Length: 210 feet Speed: 18 kts

Displacement: 1,020 tons Range: 12,000 nautical miles

Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Aircraft: 1 MH-68/HH-65 helicopter

Crew: 75

Years Built: 1964-1969

Armament: 1 25mm gun, two .50 caliber machine guns.

Remarks: Equipped with SIPRNET.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WMEC 615	Reliance	NJPJ	Kittery, ME	
WMEC 616	Diligence	NMUD	Wilmington, NC	
WMEC 617	Vigilant	NHIC	Cape Canaveral, FL	
WMEC 618	Active	NRTF	Port Angeles, WA	
WMEC 619	Confidence	NHKW	Cape Canaveral, FL	Returned from Caribbean patrol
5-2-08				
WMEC 620	Resolute	NRLT	St. Petersburg, FL	
WMEC 621	Valiant	NVAI	Miami Beach, FL	Returned from Florida Straits
patrol 5-16-	08			
WMEC 623	Steadfast	NSTF	Astoria, OR	
WMEC 624	Dauntless	NDTS	Galveston, TX	
WMEC 625	Venturous	NVES	St. Petersburg, FL	
WMEC 626	Dependable	NOWK	Cape May, NJ	

WMEC 627	Vigorous	NQSP	Cape May, NJ
WMEC 629	Decisive	NUHC	Pascagoula, MS
WMEC 630	Alert	NZVE	Astoria, OR

Alex Haley Class Large Patrol Cutter

Length: 282 feet Speed: 18 kts

Displacement: 3,000 tons Range: 12,000 nautical miles

Propulsion: 4 Diesels

Aircraft: 1 MH-68/HH-65/HH-60J helicopter

Crew: 99 Built: 1971

Armament: 2 25mm guns, two .50 caliber machine guns.

Remarks: Former USN salvage tug transferred to USCG and converted to operate in Alaskan waters as a patrol and rescue ship. The conversion included addition of a helicopter deck aft. The ship retains a heavy towing capability, but most salvage gear was removed. A helo hangar has now been added.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WMEC 3		NZPO	Kodiak. AK	

Diver Class Patrol Cutter

Length: 213 feet Speed: 15 kts

Displacement: 1,750 tons Range: 9,000 nautical miles Propulsion: 4 Diesels

Aircraft: none Crew: 75 Built: 1944

Armament: Two .50 caliber machine guns.

Remarks: Sole survivor of six USN salvage ships and fleet tugs transferred to the USCG. Long overdue for replacement, but will continue in service for at least a few more years, in Alaskan waters. Conversion for USCG service included removal of all salvage and towing gear.

Hull Name INT. C/S Homeport Remarks

WMEC 167 Acushnet NNHA Kodiak, AK To decom FY 09

Fast Response Cutter-A (FRC-A)

Length: Around 140 feet
Displacement: Around 325 Tons

Speed: 28+ kts Range: 4,230NM Propulsion: TBD Endurance: 7 Days Aircraft: None Boats: 1 SRP Crew: 2 Officers, 20 Enlisted

Armament: 25MM Gun, .50 cal machine guns

Remarks: Planned as the smallest of three major classes of Coast Guard cutters, the Fast Response Cutter will be able to deploy independently to conduct the service's missions, such as ports, waterways and coastal security, fishery patrols, drug and illegal migrant law enforcement, search and rescue, and national-defense operations. The \$24-billion, 25-year post-9/11 Deepwater Implementation Plan calls for 58 FRC A and B class end-state assets. The FRC will be built to deliver all required capabilities to the Coast Guard in a way that will enhance the safety and well-being of its crew and allow the Coast Guard to execute its assigned missions more effectively, efficiently, and safely.

The Deepwater Program temporarily suspended design work February 2006 on the FRC-A due to technical risk. Because of the Coast Guard's urgent need for patrol boats, the Coast Guard then began work on a "dual path" approach that includes an interim strategy to acquire a B-class vessel until technical risks with the A-class design can be mitigated.

Fast Response Cutter-B (FRC-B)

Length: Around 120-160 feet Displacement: Around 325 Tons

Speed: 28+ kts Range: 4,230NM Propulsion: TBD Endurance: 7 Days Aircraft: None Boats: 1 SRP

Crew: 2 Officers, 20 Enlisted

Armament: 25MM Gun, .50 cal machine guns

Remarks: The Coast Guard issued a Request for Information in April 2006 as part of the B-class strategy to obtain information on available, proven patrol boat designs that could potentially meet the requirements for the FRC-B Replacement Patrol Boat. Based on review of 27 designs submitted by 19 firms under this RFI, the Coast Guard determined that the existing patrol boat market could meet top level FRC-B requirements with minimal design modifications. The Acquisition Directorate's strategy to use a "parent craft" design based on a proven, in-service patrol boat will reduce technical risk and design development time. In addition, design and production efforts will be combined into one competitive RFP, thus saving time over separate design and production RFPs.

The Coast Guard issued the RFP for the design and production of the FRC-B in May 2007, with the first of 12 boats scheduled for delivery in Spring 2010.

Cyclone Class Coastal Patrol Ships

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Length: 179 feet Speed: 35 kts

Displacement: 370 tons Range: 2,000 nautical miles Propulsion: 4 Diesels

Aircraft: none Crew: 27 Built: 1993-2000

Armament: 1 25mm Bushmaster low-angle gun, 1 25mm Bushmaster/40mm grenade launcher, 1 Stinger SAM station (6 missiles), 1 40mm grenade launcher, 2 .50 cal machine guns, two 7.62mm machine guns Remarks: The 179-foot Cyclone Class Patrol Coastal Boats will conduct Homeland Security, Search and Rescue and Law Enforcement operations in the Caribbean and Gulf of Mexico. The Cyclone class patrol

boats will fill a gap in Coast Guard resources at a time when the service's inventory of 110-foot patrol boats are being converted to 123-foot cutters and the rest of the fleet continues a historic, high operational tempo.

Two Cyclone class cutters will be decommissioned in FY 09.

Hull Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks	
WPC 2 Tempest WPC 4 Monsoon WPC 8 Zephyr WPC 13 Shamal WPC 14 Tornado	NTAC NMSN NZEP NSHA	Pascagoula, MS San Diego, CA San Diego, CA Pascagoula, MS Pascagoula, MS		

123 Foot Island Class Patrol Boat (Decommissioned)

.

Length: 123 feet Speed: 27 kts

Displacement: 176 tons Range: 3,180 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Aircraft: none Crew: 16 Built: 1986-1992

Armament: 1 25mm Bushmaster gun, two .50 cal machine guns

Remarks: General-purpose patrol boats, suited mainly for SAR and law enforcement. They have been extensively upgraded including lengthening to 123 feet with a stern-launch small boat facility, replacement of the superstructure, re-arrangment of internal spaces, and new electronics and communication gear.

Conversion of 110 foot boats to 123 feet was stopped at 8 hulls. Carry 1 SRP boat. All vessels are suffering from severe hull fatigue and are unable to make deployments.

In February 2007 all the 123s were reported to be in Baltimore.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport
WPB 1317 WPB 1325 WPB 1328 WPB 1302	Metompkin Padre Manitou Monhegan	NBHW NABS NBKZ NDCX NAEP NEGS NHPX	Baltimore, MD Baltimore, MD Baltimore, MD Baltimore, MD Baltimore, MD Baltimore, MD Baltimore, MD
WPB 1308	Vashon	NJEH	Baltimore, MD

110 Foot Island Class Patrol Boat

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Length: 110 feet Speed: 29 kts

Displacement: 154 tons Range: 1,900 nautical miles

Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Aircraft: none Crew: 16

Built: 1986-1992

Armament: 1 25mm Bushmaster gun, two .50 cal machine guns Remarks: General-purpose patrol boats, suited mainly for SAR and law enforcement. They were constructed in three batches, with various impovements and changes. Although intended for 10-14 day local patrols, they are making Caribbean patrols of up to 60 days. Planned for a service life of only 15 years. Conversion of 110 foot boats to 123 feet was stopped at 8 hulls.

The 110' cutters are slated for Mission Effectiveness Program (MEP) updates which will add 15 years to their life. All the 110' MEP cutters receive hull renewal plus electronics upgrades, renewed electric cabling, new ship surface diesel generator and switchboard replacement, the FM-200 fire suppression installation, gyrocompass & autopilot installation, and the main diesel engine control replacement.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WPB 1301	Farallon	NABK	Miami Beach, FL	
WPB 1304	Maui	NBEI	Miami Beach, FL	Deployed to CENTCOM
WPB 1307	Ocracoke	NGBL	Miami Beach, FL	MEP modified
WPB 1309	Aquidneck	NBTC	Atlantic Beach, NC	Deployed to CENTCOM
WPB 1310	Mustang	NJSH	Seward, AK	
WPB 1311	Naushon	NEWR	Ketchikan, AK	MEP modified
WPB 1312	Sanibel	NDCK	Woods Hole, MA	
WPB 1313	Edisto	NLKY	San Diego, CA	MEP modified
WPB 1314	Sapelo	NHKD	San Juan, PR	
WPB 1315	Matinicus	NDIS	San Juan, PR	
WPB 1316	Nantucket	NKVQ	Miami Beach, FL	MEP modified
WPB 1318	Baranof	NCUI	Miami Beach, FL	Deployed to CENTCOM
WPB 1319	Chandeleur	NFFS	Miami Beach, FL	
WPB 1320	Chincoteague	NAOI	San Juan, PR	
WPB 1321		NOFR	San Juan, PR	
WPB 1322	Cuttyhunk	NEDI	Port Angeles, WA	MEP modified
WPB 1323	Drummond	NHSD	Key West, FL	
WPB 1324	Key Largo	NGEI	San Juan, PR	
	Monomoy	NKEC	Woods Hole, MA	Deployed to CENTCOM
WPB 1327	Orcas	NTBZ	Coos Bay, OR	
WPB 1329	Sitkinak	NBNW	Miami Beach, FL	MEP modified
WPB 1330	Tybee	NERH	Woods Hole, MA	MEP modified
WPB 1331	Washington	NVMJ	Apra Harbor, Guam	
WPB 1332		NFWC	South Portland, ME	Deployed to CENTCOM
WPB 1333	Adak	NZRW	Sandy Hook, NJ	Deployed to CENTCOM
WPB 1334	Liberty	NJHT	Auke Bay, AK	, ,
WPB 1335		NEXY	Petersburg, AK	
WPB 1336	Kiska .	NUSF	Hilo, HI	
WPB 1337	Assateague	NDRV	Apra Harbor, Guam	
WPB 1338	Grand Isle	NABD	Gloucester, MA	
WPB 1339	Key Biscayne	NGYS	St. Petersburg, FL	
	Jefferson Island	NORW	South Portland, ME	
WPB 1341	Kodiak Island	NWHD	St. Petersburg, FL	
WPB 1342	Long Island	NOQU	Valdez, AK	
WPB 1343	Bainbridge Island	NLIL	Sandy Hook, NJ	
	Block Island	NPBB	Atlantic Beach, NC	
WPB 1345	Staten Island	NSEL	Atlantic Beach, NC	
WPB 1346	Roanoke Island	NEXP	Homer, AK	
WPB 1347	Pea Island	NCSR	St. Petersburg, FL	
WPB 1348	Knight Island	NMFN	St. Petersburg, FL	
WPB 1349	Galveston Island	NRLP	Honolulu, HI	

87 Foot Marine Protector Class Patrol Boat

Length: 87 feet Speed: 25 kts

Displacement: 91 tons Range: 900 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Aircraft: none Crew: 10 Built: 1998-2005

Armament: Two .50 cal machine guns

Remarks: The newly designed 87 Coastal Patrol Boat has several enhancements over the aging 82s, including improved mission sea keeping abilities (up to sea state 5) and significantly upgraded habitability. It also employs an innovative stern launch and recovery system using an Aluminum hulled inboard diesel powered waterjet small boat. The vastly larger pilot house is equipped with an integrated bridge system including an electronic chart display system (ECDIS) which interfaces with the CG's new surface search radar. SWIII computers along with a fiber optic network will also be installed, allowing the crew to access the vessel's CD-ROM tech pubs and drawings.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WPB 87301	Barracuda NIUD	Eureka	, CA	
WPB 87302	Hammerhead	NHAM	Woods Hole, MA	
WPB 87303	Mako	NYVC	Cape May, NJ	
WPB 87304	Marlin	NJZP	Ft. Meyers, FL	
WPB 87305	Stingray	NBRG	Mobile, AL	
WPB 87306	Dorado	NJEC	Crescent City, CA	
WPB 87307	Osprey	NBRF	Port Townsend, WA	
WPB 87308	Chinook	NZPU	New London, CT	
WPB 87309	Albacore	NZRG	Little Creek, VA	
WPB 87310	Tarpon	NTWX	Tybee Island, GA	
WPB 87311	Cobia	NTXJ	Mobile, AL	
WPB 87312		NTXR	Monterey, CA	
WPB 87313	Cormorant	NTMF	Ft. Pierce, FL	
WPB 87314		NTMR	Cape May, NJ	
WPB 87315	Amberjack	NTMV	Port Isabel, TX	
WPB 87316	Kittiwake	NTNL	Nawiliwili, HI	
WPB 87317	Blackfin	NTQA	Santa Barbara, CA	
WPB 87318		NRKI	Ft. Pierce, FL	
WPB 87319		NRKG	Charleston, SC	
WPB 87320		NRKD	Freeport, TX	
WPB 87321		NARU	Panama City, FL	
WPB 87322		NPAL	Mayport, FL	
WPB 87323		NZTM	Carrabelle, FL	
WPB 87324		NITU	Port Aransas, TX	
WPB 87325		NZSR	Little Creek, VA	
WPB 87326	•	NMHU	Oxnard, CA	
WPB 87327		NFSH	Abbeville, LA	
WPB 87328	-	NRDD	Montauk, NY	
WPB 87329		NDCV	Little Creek, VA	
	Man-O-War	NJQA	Galveston, TX	
WPB 87331	-	NJZP	Jonesport, ME	
WPB 87332		NJSJ	Gulfport, MS	
WPB 87333		NTRK	Port Angeles, WA	
WPB 87334		NUGW	Fort Lauderdale, FL	
WPB 87335	Narwhal	NTHA	Corona Del Mar, CA	

Healy Class Icebreaker

Length: 420 feet
Speed: 17 kts
Displacement: 16,400 tons
Range: 16,000 nautical miles
Propulsion: 4 Diesels

Aircraft: 2 HH-65s

Crew: 75

Built: 1999

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WAGB 20) Healy	NEPP	Seattle, WA	Returned from Arctic deployment 5-15-08

Polar Class Icebreaker

Length: 399 feet Speed: 20 kts

Displacement: 16,400 tons Range: 28,000 nautical miles

Propulsion: 3 Gas Turbines, 6 Diesels

Aircraft: 2 HH-65s

Crew: 134 Built: 1976 Armament: none

Remarks: These cutters, specifically designed for open-water icebreaking have reinforced hulls, special icebreaking bows, and a system that allows rapid shifting of ballast to increase the effectiveness of their icebreaking. They serve in Arctic/Antarctic serving science and research as well as providing supplies to remote stations. Both Polar Class icebreakers are under the control of Pacific Area, Ice Operations

Section.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
	Polar Star Polar Sea	NBTM NRUO	Seattle, WA Seattle, WA	Mothballed 6-30-06

Mackinaw Class Icebreaker

Length: 240 feet Speed: 15 kts

Displacement: 3,500 tons Range: 4,000 nautical miles

Propulsion: 3 Diesels, Bow Thruster

Aircraft: none Crew: 50 Built: 2005 Armament: none

Remarks: A new icebreaker to replace the current Mackinaw. A dual icebreaker/buoy tender combination.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WLBB 30	Mackinaw	NBGB	Cheboygan, MI	

Juniper Class Seagoing Buoy Tender

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Length: 225 feet Speed: 15 kts

Displacement: 2,000 tons Range: 6,000 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels Crew: 40

Built: 1996-2004

Armament: Two .50 cal machine guns

Remarks: These are large, highly capable, multirole ships. There is a 15-ton hydraulic crane forward and there is a built-in oil spill recovery system. 45 day endurance. Capable of operations in 8-foot seas. Freshwater icebreaking capability. The 225' WLB is equipped with a single controllable pitch propeller, bow and stern thrusters which give the cutter the maneuverability it needs to tend buoys offshore and in restricted waters. Some are ALE equipped.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WLB 201 WLB 202	•	NDBC	Newport, RI Newport, RI	
WLB 203	Kukui	NKJU	Honolulu, HI	
WLB 204 WLB 205		NRPK NZNE	Atlantic Beach, NC Honolulu, HI	
WLB 206	•	NJAR	Kodiak, AK	
WLB 207 WLB 208	•	NWBE NTUG	Sitka, AK San Franscisco, CA	
WLB 209	Sycamore Sycamore	NTGG	Cordova, AK	
WLB 210 WLB 211		NCPI NAXQ	Mobile, AL Charleston, SC	
WLB 212	•	NAZJ	Homer, AK	
WLB 213 WLB 214 WLB 215	Hollyhock	NAYV NHHF NBHF	Astoria, OR Port Huron, MI Apra Harbor, Guam	
WLB 216	•	NGML	Duluth, MI	

Keeper Class Coastal Buoy Tender

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Length: 175 feet Speed: 12 kts

Displacement: 840 tons Range: 2,000 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels, 2 Z-Drives

Crew: 24

Built: 1996-2000

Remarks: Scaled-down version of the Juniper class with a 10 ton hydraulic crane forward; freshwater icebreaking capability, and oil spill recovery system. They are the first Coast Guard cutters equipped with Z-Drive propulsion units instead of the standard propeller and rudder configuration. They are designed to independently rotate 360 degrees. Combined with a thruster in the bow, they give the Keeper -class cutters unmatched maneuverability.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WLM 553 WLM 554 WLM 555 WLM 557 WLM 557 WLM 558 WLM 559	Ida Lewis Katherine Walker Abbie Burgess Marcus Hanna James Rankin Joshua Appleby Frank Drew Anthony Petit Barbara Mabrity William Tate	NISS NKFW NVAF NMGH NUVD NJTH NKDL NERW NERA NNIA	Newport, RI Bayonne, NJ Rockland, ME South Portland, ME Baltimore, MD St. Petersburg, FL Portsmouth, VA Ketchikan, AK Mobile, AL Philadelphia, PA	

WLM 561 Harry Claiborne NNIC Galveston, TX WLM 562 Maria Bray Mayport, FL WLM 563 Henry Blake Seattle, WA WLM 564 George Cobb San Pedro, CA

100 Foot Inland Buoy Tender

Length: 100 feet Speed: 10 kts

Displacement: 226 tons Range: 2,700 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 15

Built: 1945, 1964

HullNameINT. C/SHomeportRemarksWLI 313 BluebellNODDPortland, ORWLI 642 BuckthornNADTSault St. Marie, MI

65 Foot Inland Buoy Tender

Length: 65 feet Speed: 10 kts

Displacement: 70 tons Range: 1,300 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 8

Built: 1946-1954

Hull	Name	Homeport	Remarks
WLI 65303 WLI 65400 Charleston		Long Beach, NC Seattle, WA	To decom in FY 09 Mothballed 12-6-05. Logged in Sector
WLI 65401	Elderberry	Petersburg, AK	

160 Foot Inland Construction Tender

Length: 160 feet Speed: 11 kts

Displacement: 460 tons Range: 5,350 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 14

Built: 1976-1977

Remarks: Large, modern inland construction tenders. Self-contained ships, not requiring a separate work

barge; they have a large crane on a long working deck.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WLIC 800		NAYE	New Orleans. LA	

WLIC 801	Hudson	NCWX	Miami, FL
WLIC 802	Kennebec	NRDJ	Portsmouth, VA
WLIC 803	Saginaw	NJOY	Mobile, AL

100 Foot Inland Construction Tender

Length: 100 feet Speed: 10 kts

Displacement: 218 tons Range: 2,700 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 14 Built: 1944

Remarks: Smilax pushes a 70' construction barge.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WLIC 315	Smilax	NRYN	Atlantic Beach, NC	

75 Foot Inland Construction Tender

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Length: 75 feet Speed: 9 kts

Displacement: 140 tons Range: 2,500 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 13

Built: 1962-1966

Remarks: The 75' WLICs push 68' and 84' construction barges. The barges are equipped with cranes and

other ATON equipment to drive piles and work the smaller sized buoys.

Hull	Name	Homeport	Remarks
WLIC 75301 WLIC 75302 WLIC 75303 WLIC 75304 WLIC 75306 WLIC 75309	Hammer Sledge Mallet Vise Clamp Hatchet	Charleston, SC Mayport, FL Baltimore, MD Corpus Christi, TX St. Petersburg, FL Galveston, TX Galveston, TX	
WLIC 75310	Axe	Mobile, AL	

65 Foot River Buoy Tender

Leavelle OF feet

Length: 65 feet Speed: 10 kts

Displacement: 146 tons Range: 3,500 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 12 Built: 1960-1962

Remarks: Tug-type tenders for the western rivers; each pushes a buoy barge.

Hull	Name	Homeport	Remarks
WLR 65501 WLR 65502 WLR 65503 WLR 65504	2 Cimarron 3 Obion 4 Scioto	Chattanooga, TN Paris Landing, TN Owensboro, KY Keokuk, IA	
WLR 65505 WLR 65506	5 Osage 5 Sangamon	Sewickley, PA Peoria, IL	

75 Foot River Buoy Tender

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Length: 75 feet Speed: 10 kts

Displacement: 150 tons Range: 3,100 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 19 Built: 1964-1970

Remarks: Tug-type tenders for the western rivers; each pushes a 90 foot barge.

Hull	Name	Homeport	Remarks
WLR 75307	·· ′ Wedge	Demopolis, AL	
WLR 75401	Gasconade	Omaha, NE	
WLR 75402	? Muskingum	Sallisaw, OK	
WLR 75403	Wyaconda Wyaconda	Dubuque, IA	
WLR 75404	Chippewa	Paris Landing, TN	
WLR 75405	Cheyenne	St. Louis, MO	
WLR 75406	Kickapoo	Vicksburg, MS	
WLR 75407	Kanawha	Pine Bluff, AR	
WLR 75408	B Patoka	Greenville, MS	
WLR 75409	Chena	Hickman, KY	

Kankakee Class 75 Foot River Buoy Tender

Length: 75 feet Speed: 12 kts

Displacement: 172 tons Range: 3,100 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 19 Built: 1990

Remarks: New tug-type tenders. Push 130 foot buoy barges.

Hull	Name	Homeport	Remarks
WLR 75500 WLR 75501		Memphis, TN Natchez, MS	

49 Foot Stern Loading Buoy Boat

Length: 49 feet Speed: 10 kts

Displacement: 36 tons Range: 300 miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels Endurance: 4 days

Crew: 4

Built: 1997-2002

Remarks: The BUSL fleet was constructed at the Coast Guard Yard in Baltimore, MD. They are designed to provide a stable, versatile platform capable of operating in ocean harbors, major lakes, or navigable rivers, and can recover short range aids to navigation items. Their A-frame crane is rated at 4,500 lbs.

Hull	Homeport	Remarks
BUSL 49401	ANT Bristol	
BUSL 49402	ANT Sledge/Baltimore	
BUSL 49403	ANT Woods Hole	
BUSL 49404	ANT Saugerties	
BUSL 49405	ANT New York	
BUSL 49406	ANT Moriches	
BUSL 49407	ANT Cape May	
BUSL 49408	ANT Charleston	
BUSL 49409	ANT New York	
BUSL 49410	ANT Long Island Sound	
BUSL 49411	ANT Long Island Sound	
BUSL 49412	ANT Grand Haven	
BUSL 49413	ANT Buffalo	
BUSL 49414	STA Burlington	
BUSL 49415	ANT Panama City	
BUSL 49416	ANT Jacksonville	
BUSL 49417	ANT Boston	
BUSL 49418	ANT Boston	
BUSL 49419	ANT South Portland	
BUSL 49420	ANT South Portland	
BUSL 49421	ANT Southwest Harbor	
BUSL 49422	ANT Saginaw River	
BUSL 49423	ANT Duluth	
BUSL 49424	ANT Detroit	
BUSL 49425	ANT Crisfield	
BUSL 49426	ANT Corpus Christi	
BUSL 49427	ANT Bristol	
BUSL 49428	ANT Sledge/Baltimore	

55 Foot Aid-to-Navigation Boat

Length: 55 feet Speed: 21.5 kts Displacement: 34 tons Range: 175 miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels Endurance: 4-5 days

Crew: 4

Built: 1977-1988

Remarks: The 55-foot boats service small buoys and service fixed structures. They have a lifting capacity

of 2,000/3,000 lbs and a cargo capacity of 8,000 lbs. The boats are designed for live-aboard and have small repair shops for repairing ATONS while underway.

Hull	Homeport	Remarks
ANB 55101		
ANB 55102		
ANB 55103 ANB 55104		
ANB 55104 ANB 55105		
ANB 55106		
ANB 55107	ANT Seattle, WA	
ANB 55108		
ANB 55109	ANT Fort Macon, NC	
ANB 55110	Sabine Pass, TX	
ANB 55111		
ANB 55112		
ANB 55113		
ANB 55114		
ANB 55115	ANT Philadelphia, PA	
ANB 55116		
ANB 55117		
ANB 55118		
ANB 55119		
ANB 55120		
ANB 55121		
ANB 55122		

Bay Class Icebreaking Tug

Length: 140 feet Speed: 14 kts

Displacement: 690 tons Range: 1,500 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Aircraft: none Crew: 17

Built: 1979-1988

Armament: 2 machine guns

Remarks: The 140-foot Bay-class Cutters are state of the art icebreakers used primarily for domestic ice breaking duties. They are named after American Bays and are stationed mainly in Northeast U.S. and Great Lakes. WTGBs use a low-pressure-air hull lubrication or bubbler system that forces air and water between the hull and ice. This system improves icebreaking capabilities by reducing resistance against the hull, reducing horsepower requirements. ALE equipped.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WTGB 102 WTGB 103 WTGB 105 WTGB 106 WTGB 107	1 Katamai Bay 2 Bristol Bay 3 Mobile Bay 4 Biscayne Bay 5 Neah Bay 6 Morro Bay 7 Penobscot Bay 3 Thunder Bay	NRLX NRLY NRUR NRUS NRUU NMHK NIGY NNTB	Sault St. Marie, MI Detroit, MI Sturgeon Bay, WI St. Ignace, MI Cleveland, MI New London, CT Bayonne, NJ Rockland, ME	

65 Foot Harbor Tugs

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Length: 65 feet Speed: 10 kts

Displacement: 72 tons Range: 2,700 nautical miles

Propulsion: 1 Diesel

Crew: 6

Built: 1961-1967

Remarks: They are employed only on the east coast, from Maine to Virginia.

Hull Name	Homeport	Remarks
WYTL 65601 Capstan WYTL 65602 Chock WYTL 65604 Tackle WYTL 65607 Bridle WYTL 65608 Pendant WYTL 65609 Shackle WYTL 65610 Hawser WYTL 65611 Line WYTL 65612 Wire WYTL 65614 Bollard WYTL 65615 Cleat	Philadelphia, PA Portsmouth, VA Rockland, ME Southwest Harbor, ME Boston, MA South Portland, ME Bayonne, NJ Bayonne, NJ Saugerties, NY New Haven, CT Philadelphia, PA	

Eagle Training Barque

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Length: 295 feet Speed: 10-18 kts

Displacement: 1,816 tons Range: 5,450 nautical miles

Propulsion: 1 Diesel Crew: 50 + 150 Built: 1936

Remarks: Coast Guard Academy training ship

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WIX 32	7 Eagle	NRCB	New London, CT	

Long Range Interceptor

Length: 35 feet

Displacement: 6.5 Tons

Speed: 45 kts Range: 400NM Endurance: 10 Hours

Crew: 14

Armament: Machine Gun Cost per unit: \$.7 million

Planned Quantity: 33

The new 35-feet Long Ranger Interceptor (LRI) are being introduced for the Deepwater cutters. The quantity of LRIs are planned to compose a smaller part of Deepwater's final strength in a trade off with the Short Range Prosecutor that maximizes the utility of these two small boat assets. The LRI will now receive critical DHS and DoD C4ISR interoperability improvements including MILSATCOM. The LRI provides the ability for a cutter to deploy an armed boarding or counter-terrorism team over the horizon, up to 100NM from the cutter at speeds of 45kts or more. The enclosed cabin of the boat will provide crew protection for up to 10 hours thereby increasing operational presence and deterrence in security situations. The bow-mounted M242 machine gun provides visible deterrence and stopping power against maritime targets.

Recently, the LRI successfully completed an interoperability test with USCGC BERTHOF. The Lockheed Martin C4ISR team demonstrated communications and navigation interoperability between the LRI and Bertholf at ranges up to 16 nautical miles. The LRI is currently involved with Berthof's machinery trials..

Short Range Prosecutor (SRP)

Length: 25 feet Displacement: 9 Tons

Speed: 32 kts Range: 200NM Endurance: 4 Hours Crew: 2 + 8 PAX Armament: Small Arms Cost per unit: \$.3 million

Quantity: 8

The SRP provides the capability to deploy armed boarding teams within 20 miles of the parent cutter at speeds of 32 knots. The SRP can exchange data with the parent cutter, thereby maintaining a coordinated response posture and respond quickly to security zone breaches.

The eighth SRP was delivered in January 2006. Production of SRPs was discontinued with the end of the 123-foot cutter conversion program.

47-foot Motor Lifeboat

Length: 47 feet

Remarks: The 47' motor lifeboat is designed as a first response rescue resource in high seas, surf & heavy weather environments. They are built to withstand the most severe conditions at sea and are capable of effecting a rescue at sea even under the most difficult circumstances. They are self-bailing, self-righting, almost unsinkable, and have a long cruising radius for their size. If overturned, the vessel will return to an upright position in 30 seconds or less. It is the replacement for the aging 44' MLB fleet.

There are (presently) 117 operational. The total, to be delivered over 5 years, will be 200.

45-foot Response Boat-Medium

Length: 45 feet Speed: 42.5 kts Range: 250 NM

Remarks: To replace the 41-foot boats in service. 180 to 250 boats planned between 2008 and 2018.

41-foot Utility Boat

The 41' UTB is the general workhorse at multi-mission units. It is designed to operate under moderate weather and sea conditions where its speed and maneuverability make it an ideal platform for a variety of missions.

There are presently 172 operational boats.

Defender Class Response Boat-Small

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Length: 25 feet

Engines: Two 225 HP Four-stroke Gas Honda engines

Max Speed: 45+ knot

Cruising range of 50NM at 35 knots

Minimum crew of 2 Max seas of 6 ft

Survivable in up to 10 ft seas

Armament: Small Arms

Remarks: Developed in a direct response to the need for additional Homeland Security assets in the wake of the September 11th terrorist attacks, the Defender Class boats were procured under an emergency acquisition authority. With a contract for up to 700 standard response boats, the Defender Class acquisition is one of the largest boat buys of its type in the world. The 100 boat Defender A Class (RB-HS) fleet began arriving at units in May 2002 and continued through August 2003. After several configuration changes, most notably a longer cabin and shock mitigating rear seats, the Defender B Class (RB-S) boats were born. This fleet was first delivered to the field in Oct 2003, and there are currently 357 RB-S boats in operation.

The 457 Defender Class boats currently in operation are assigned to the Coast Guards Maritime Safety and Security Teams (MSST), Maritime Security Response Team (MSRT), Marine Safety Units (MSU), and Small Boat Stations throughout the Coast Guard. With an overall length of 25 feet, two 225 horsepower outboard engines, unique turning radius, and gun mounts boat forward and aft, the Defender Class boats are the ultimate waterborne assets for conducting fast and high speed maneuvering tactics in a small deployable package. This is evidenced in the fact that several Defender Class boats are already in operation by other Homeland Security Department agencies as well as foreign military services for their homeland security missions.

Guardian Class Transportable Port Security Boats

Length: 24' 7" Beam: 8' 0" Draft: 39"

Engines: Twin outboards

NOTE: USCG Cutters assigned to inland waterways are not assigned international callsigns. International callsigns double as ALE addresses for cutters equipped with ALE.

Deployable Operations Group

The Deployable Operations Group aligns all Coast Guard deployable, specialized forces under a single, unified command which provides organized, equipped, and trained forces to Coast Guard and interagency operational and tactical commanders.

Deployable specialized forces are comprised of approximately 3,000 Coast Guard personnel from 12 Maritime Safety and Security Teams, the Maritime Security Response Team, two Tactical Law Enforcement Teams, eight Port Security Units, three National Strike Teams and the National Strike Force Coordination Center.

The Deployable Operations Group is temporarily sited in Arlington, Va., and is staffed by 101 active duty officers, enlisted, reservists, auxiliary and civilians.

Maritime Safety and Security Teams (MSST) & Maritime Security Response Team (MSRT)

MSSTs were created under the Maritime Transportation Security Act (MTSA) 2002, in direct response to the terrorist attacks on Sept. 11, 2001, and are a part of the Department of Homeland Security's layered strategy directed at protecting our seaports and waterways. MSSTs Provide waterborne and a modest level of shoreside antiterrorism force protection for strategic shipping, high interest vessels and critical infrastructure. MSSTs are a quick response force capable of rapid, nationwide deployment via air, ground or sea transportation in response to changing threat conditions and evolving Maritime Homeland Security (MHS) mission requirements. Multi-mission capability facilitates augmentation for other selected Coast Guard missions.

MSST personnel receive training in Advanced Tactical Boat Operations and Anti-terrorism/ Force protection at the Special Missions Training Center located at Camp Lejeune , N.C.

Modeled after the Port Security Unit (PSU) and Law Enforcement Detachment (LEDET) programs, MSSTs provide a complementary non-redundant capability designed to close critical security gaps in our nations strategic seaports. MSSTs are staffed to support continuous law enforcement operations both ashore and afloat. In addition, MSSTs:

- Jointly staffed to maximize effectiveness executing Port, Waterways, and Coastal Security (PWCS) operations (enforce security zones, port state control boardings, protection of military outloads and major marine events, augment shoreside security at waterfront facilities, detect WMD weapons/agents, and participate in port level antiterrorism exercises).
- Provide enhanced port safety and security and law enforcement capabilities to the economic or military significant port where they are based.
- Deploy in support of National Special Security Events (NSSEs) requiring Coast Guard presence, such as OpSail, Olympics, Republican & Democratic National Conventions, major disasters or storm recovery operations.
- Prototype/employ specialized capabilities to enhance mission performance (K-9 program, radiation detectors, dive program, vertical insertion, running gear entangling systems, less –than-lethal weapons, etc).
- Deploy on board cutters and other naval vessels for port safety and security, drug law enforcement, migrant interdiction or other maritime homeland security mission requirements.

Support Naval Coastal Warfare requirements during Homeland Defense (HLD) and in accordance with long standing agreements with DOD and the Combatant Commanders (protect strategic shipping, major naval combatants and critical infrastructure at home and abroad)

Capabilities

Maritime interdiction and law enforcement
Anti-terrorism/Force Protection
CBRN-E Detection
Vertical Insertion (commonly referred to as Fast Roping)
Search and Rescue (limited)
Port Protection/Anti-sabotage
Underwater Port Security
Canine Handling Teams (Explosives Detection)
Tactical Boat Operations NCW boat tactics
Non Permissive Compliant Boarding capability

MSSTs

MSST 91101 -- Seattle (Established 2002)

MSST 91102 -- Chesapeake, Va. (Established 2002). Renamed a MSRT in 2006

MSST 91103 -- Los Angeles/Long Beach (Established 2002)

MSST 91104 -- Houston/Galveston (Established 2002)

MSST 91105 -- San Francisco (Established 2003)

MSST 91106 -- Ft. Wadsworth, NY (Established 2003)

MSST 91107 -- Honolulu, HI (Established 2005)

MSST 91108 -- St. Marys, Ga. (Established 2003)

MSST 91109 -- San Diego, CA (Established 2005)

MSST 91110 -- Boston, MA (Established 2003)

MSST 91111 -- Anchorage (Established 2004)

MSST 91112 -- New Orleans (Established 2004)

MSST 91114 -- Miami, FL (Established 2005)

Personnel & Equipment

Each MSST has 75 active duty personnel. Each team has six SAFE boats, three physical security teams, and two canine teams.

A MSRT is an enhanced MSST with pretty much double the capabilities of a MSST.

Port Security Units

Coast Guard Port Security Units (PSUs) are Coast Guard units staffed primarily with selected reservists. They provide waterborne and limited land-based protection for shipping and critical port facilities both INCONUS and in theater.

PSUs can deploy within 24 hours and establish operations within 96 hours after initial call-up. Each PSU has transportable boats equipped with dual outboard motors, and support equipment to ensure mobility and sustainability for up to 30 days. Every PSU is staffed by a combination of reserve and active duty personnel. PSUs require specialized training not available elsewhere in the Coast Guard. Coast Guard Reservists assigned to Port Security Units must complete a 2 week Basic Skills Course at the PSU Training Detachment in Camp LeJeune, NC.

In addition to their most recent support of homeland security operations around the country, PSUs were deployed to the Persian Gulf during Operation Desert Storm in 1990. They also served in Haiti during Operation Uphold Democracy in 1994. In December 2000, PSU 309 from Port Clinton, OH was deployed to the Middle East to provide vital force protection for the Navy assets following the attack on the USS Cole.

PSU 301 Cape Cod Canal

PSU 305 Fort Eustis, VA

PSU 307 St. Petersburg, FL

PSU 308 Gulfport, MS

PSU 309 Port Clinton, Ohio

PSU 311 Long Beach, CA

PSU 312 San Francisco, CA

PSU 313 Tacoma, WA

PSU Boothbay Harbor

PSU Boston

PSU Burlington

PSU Castle Hill

PSU Chatham

PSU Concord

PSU Fire Island

PSU Ft. Totten

PSU Gloucester

PSU Honolulu

PSU Humboldt Bay

PSU Jones Beach

PSU Jonesport

PSU Manasquan

PSU Merrimac River

PSU Montauk

PSU Moriches

PSU New Haven

PSU Point Allerton

PSU Point Judith

PSU Portland

PSU Portsmouth Harbor

PSU Providence

PSU Rockaway

PSU Rockland

PSU San Diego

PSU San Juan

PSU Scituate

PSU Shark River

PSU Shinnecock

PSU South Portland

PSU Southwest Harbor

PSU Training Detachment

PSU Woods Hole

Maritime Force Protection Units

MFPUs provide enhanced security for U.S. Navy ballistic missile submarines within the units' homeport transit areas. These submarines generally operate on the surface with other vessel traffic when entering or departing ship channels leading to their homeport, and the MFPU will provide additional security measures while operating under these conditions.

MFPUs are single mission units that have broad law enforcement authority, including the authority to establish, patrol, and enforce exclusionary zones, naval vessel protective zones, restricted navigation areas, and security zones supporting naval operations.

MFPUs ------MFPU Kings Bay, GA MFPU Bangor, WA

MFPUs consist of an 87 foot cutter, small boats, and about 200 personnel.

National Strike Force

The National Strike Force's (NSF) mission is to provide highly trained, experienced personnel and specialized equipment to Coast Guard and other federal agencies to facilitate preparedness and response to oil and hazardous substance pollution incidents in order to protect public health and the environment. The NSF's area of responsibility covers all Coast Guard Districts and Federal Response Regions.

The National Strike Force totals over 200 active duty, civilian, reserve, and auxiliary personnel and includes the National Strike Force Coordination Center (NSFCC); the Atlantic Strike Team; the Gulf Strike Team; the Pacific Strike Team; and the Public Information Assist Team (PIAT) located at the NSFCC.

PACAREA TCC-3

The Transportable Communications Center (TCC) is a deployable communications command center. The TCC supports a wide scope of missions including law enforcement, search and rescue, and contingency communications to those area affected by natural disaster or other phenomena.

The TCC is equipped with: Three HF transceivers capable of 125-400 watts; Two VHF-FM Marine transceivers; Two UHF transceivers and five programmable police band transceivers in the 400-800 MHz range. The TCC is equipped with a LST-5D providing a dual port dama circuit over which one sat voice and one sat data circuit operate.

The TCC is equipped with a KWR-46 and a EPSBRT receiver/demultiplexer enabling operators to monitor the HMCG broadcast and receive Over The Air Receipts of keymat when deployed. The TCC is also equipped with phone patch capability in both clear and encrypted modes.

Lastly, operators may monitor the marine weather fax via the TCC's weather fax receiver.

There are 3 free standing HF antennas and 2 police and fire band antennas. The crew consists of a TCC Leading Petty Officer and 3-5 crew members. The TCC is deployable by ground or HC-130.

When the TCC is jointly deployed with the National Strike Force Mobile Incident CP the combined unit is known as the Mobile Incident Command Center.

CAMSLANT CONTINGENCY COMMS TEAM

(Source file http://www.uscg.mil/lantarea/camslant/CONTINGENCY.ppt)

A team consisting of an OSC, OS1, IT1, MK1 & two ET2's that deploy w/mobile communications trailers

or Transportable Communications Centrals (TCC's).

There are two TCC's: TMACC & TMMIC – BOTH are LANTAREA assets maintained and operated by the Contingency Comms Team based out of CAMSLANT located in southern Chesapeake VA close to the VA/NC border.

TMACC = Transportable Multi-Agency Communications Central

TMMIC = Transportable Multi-Mission Communications Central

The TMACC & TMMIC provide comms support when temporary communications facilities are required. They deploy on short notice in support of but not limited to: Natural Disasters (Hurricane relief, etc), Homeland Security OPS, SAR, law enforcement, & COTP OPS.

The Contingency Team remains in B-6 status 24x7/365 for mission readiness. The TCC's are coupled with rugged F-750 tow vehicles and are also C-130 deployable to ensure rapid deployment in response to a variety of mission demands.

What is the Contingency Comms Team?

Commissioned in 1992, TMACC was developed to support joint and multi-agency operations. The TMACC is the larger of the two TCC's. The TMACC is equipped with a broad range of communication and command and control systems that allow for interoperability between Coast Guard, DOD, Customs, DEA, local and state authorities. (Can accommodate 2-3 personnel comfortably, normally manned by 2 personnel.)

Commissioned in 1995, TMMIC was primarily developed to support Coast Guard missions, but can also work with other agencies. TMMIC is the smaller of the two TCC's. (Can accommodate 1 person comfortably, normally manned by 1 person. 2 person max.)

Capabilities

Both units provide capabilities to operate and monitor all Coast Guard frequencies; clear, protected, and secure.

Both units provide multiple record messaging circuits.

Both units can provide Internet, Intranet and limited SIPRNET Access. (dial-up)

TMACC has some additional communication and system capabilities (i.e., ICE Imagery, Officer in Tactical Command Information Exchange Subsystem (OTCIXS), and Customs Over The Horizon Enforcement Net (COTHEN).

Both units can provide interoperability with other Federal. State, and Local frequencies.

Both units provide capabilities to operate and monitor all Coast Guard frequencies; clear, protected, and secure.

Circuit/Capability - Equipment - Classification - Purpose

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 VHF/FM 138-174MHZ - Voice - Range: 0 to 50 miles - Motorola Spectra Radio - 3 shared with VHF/AM - Clear/DES

Standard Coast Guard VHF radio capable of protected communications up to SBU (e.g., Channel 16, 22A, 23, 83, LANT LE.).

 VHF/AM 115-152MHZ - Voice - Range: 0 to 50 miles - Motorola Spectra Radio - 3 shared with VHF/FM - Clear/DES

Standard Coast Guard VHF-AM aircraft radio (air-to-ground) capable of protected communications up to SBU. CAMSLANT Contingency personnel will program these radios with frequencies provided by the requesting unit.

 UHF/FM 403-512MHZ - Voice - Range: Ground – 15 to 100 miles; Aircraft 15 to 300+ miles -Motorola Spectra Radio - 2 ea - Clear/DES Standard Coast Guard aircraft radio capable of protected communications.

 HF 1.6-30MHZ SSB - Primary Voice - Range: 0 to 400+ miles - Micom-2R Transceiver - 1 ea -Clear/Secure

Standard Coast Guard HF radio capable of secure communications up to Secret. Can be used for HF messaging or any other High Frequency requirement.

MILSATCOM - DAMA Capable - LST-5D - 1 ea - Secure

Coast Guard's primary satellite voice system installed on cutters 110's and above. Circuits include HLS Net, JIATF Surface Net, and JIATF Air Net. Load up to two channels – can only monitor one at a time.

Satellite Telephone - Portable Iridium Phone - 1 ea - Clear/Secure

Capable of communications up to Secret. Can be used separately as a hand-held radio or as a standalone system in the TCC. External antenna system is available. Useful when phone lines are not available.

Commercial Satellite Voice & Data - INMARSAT Mini-M - 1 ea - Clear/Secure

Primarily used for voice. May be used for data but is very slow (2.4kbps).

• Secure Voice Telephone - STE Phone - 1 ea - Secure

Capable of voice, data up to classification of SECRET. Dedicated landline desired but may be used in conjunction w/Mini-M.

 UHF/FM-AM 225-400MHZ – Voice - Range: Ground – 15 to 100 miles; Aircraft 15 to 300+ miles -URC-200/500 - 1 ea -

Clear/Secure

Standard Coast Guard Aircraft radio.

BOTH CAN INTEROPERATE WITH FEDERAL/STATE/LOCAL FREQUENCIES

• UHF/AM 800MHZ - Public Safety Band - Range: 0 to 100 miles - Motorola Spectra - 1 ea - Clear

Interoperable radio capable of communications with the local Police, Fire Departments, and various other Law Enforcement agencies.

Must be programmed onsite to allow for interoperability.

Cross-band patching - ACU-1000 coupled w/ Motorola Spectra - 1 ea - Clear/DES

Enables different radios/frequencies to be patched together. Used to establish interoperable radio communications with local Police Departments, Fire Departments, and other Law Enforcement agencies.

BOTH PROVIDE MULTIPLE RECORD MESSAGING CIRCUITS

• HF 1.6-30MHZ - High Frequency Data Exchange (HFDX) - Range: 0 to 400+ miles - MICOM-2R Transceiver - 1 ea - Secure

For sending/receiving both classified and unclassified message traffic via the HFDX messaging system. Same system used on the cutter fleet (e.g., 210's/110's.)

Satellite Data Exchange (SDX) - Mini-M Satellite Telephone - 1 ea - Secure

Dial up system for sending/receiving both classified and unclassified message traffic (210's & PATFORSWA).

Fleet Satellite Broadcast - KWR-46 - 1 ea - Secure

Receive only message traffic through Navy broadcast circuit up to Top Secret and capable of receiving Over-The-Air-Transfer (OTAT) of cryptographic material.

BOTH CAN PROVIDE INTERNET/INTRANET AND LIMITED SIPRNET ACCESS

Internet and CGDN+ - TACHYON Satellite - 1 ea - Clear

Provides unclassified Internet/Intranet connectivity comparable to cable modem. Currently supports one terminal.

SIPRNET/SIPRNET Chat - Secure Messaging Workstation (SMW) - 1 ea - Secure

Dial up through CAMS Modem bank. Extremely limited at 33.3kbps. Primarily used for sending and receiving classified and unclassified record message traffic. Allows SIPRNET connection via classified laptop computer.

TMACC UNIQUE CAPABILITIES

ICE Imagery - Requires use of MILSATCOM - 1 ea - Secure

Provides chat feature and ability to transfer pictures from CASPER equipped C-130s. Uses MILSATCOM CASPER Net. Streaming video is not available due to limited bandwidth.

OTCIXS - Requires use of MILSATCOM - 1 ea - Secure

Officer in Tactical Command Information Exchange Subsystem: allows for the transfer of messages, chat, vessel movements with chart displays and areas.

Customs Over The Horizon Enforcement Net (COTHEN) - 1 ea - Clear/Secure

High Frequency Automatic Link Establishment (HF/ALE) Network used by CG & Customs aircraft. Primarily used for air guards w/ CAMSLANT for C-130's, Jay-hawk, Falcons, and C-130's

BOTH MISC

Each unit is provided with a GPS receiver to establish position and assist with satellite antenna alignment and a digital voice logger capable of recording both data and voice circuits.

Each unit may be deployed with a Deployable Rapid Assembly Shelter (DRASH) that is capable of acting as a command and control center for a small staff. Also included with the DRASH tents, are portable air conditioning units that are available upon request.

Please note that the TMACC and TMMIC are self-supporting through the use of two diesel generators that provide power to all onboard systems (including air conditioning) in the event that shore power is not available on site. Within the trailers, the TMACC can comfortably accommodate two watch standers and one individual typically mans the TMMIC during operations.

Enhanced Mobile Incident Command Posts (eMICP)

(Source file: http://www.uscq.mil/hq/q-o/q-opr/On%20Scene/OSsummer2007.pdf)

The enhanced Mobile Incident Command Post (eMICP) is a trailer outfitted with temporary office and conference room facilities. The eMICP can be deployed alone or interfaced with the MCV to augment organic C4&IT capabilities. The eMICP provides a platform to conduct Coast Guard Command and Control, act as an incident command post, and support staff working an event. The eMICP is a conference room on wheels with a built in communications package to equip the conference room with Type I classified and Type III SBU (sensitive but unclassified) voice and data. The eMICP provides various communications systems along with twelve (12) work stations and a conference room table.

A tractor and a commercially licensed driver-team will tow the eMICP to any Continental United States (CONUS) location.

The first eMICP was delivered in November 2007.

Mobile Communications Vehicles (MCV)

(Source file: http://www.uscg.mil/hq/g-o/g-opr/On%20Scene/OSsummer2007.pdf)

The Mobile Communications Vehicle (MCV) can be deployed independently to provide robust communications to an established command center, or to an ad hoc environment such as a hotel room. It is designed to interface with a command center or eMICP to enhance classified and unclassified voice, and radio (HF, UHF, VHF) communications as well as provide voice and data interoperability with Coast Guard units, state, local, and federal interagency partners. The vehicle was designed to be C130J transportable to both CONUS and Outside the Continental United States (OCONUS) locations.

The first MCV is ecpedted to be delivered in summer 2008.

Portable Computer Store (PCS)

(Source file: http://www.uscg.mil/hq/g-o/g-opr/On%20Scene/OSsummer2007.pdf)

The Portable Computer Store (PCS) is a contingency cache of six kits totaling 30 Standard Workstation III (SWIII) laptops and six routers which can be used to augment resources at a unit for surge operations, or establish a limited Local Area Network (LAN) in a temporary command and control facility. As a deployable kit, each PCS provides the critical equipment necessary for users to access vital business and operational tools. Each PCS kit contains a 16-port Voice Protocol Network capable router, five SWIII laptop computers, and necessary power supplies. Users may directly connect the laptops to existing Coast Guard Data Network plus (CGDN+) connections in Coast Guard facilities, or access CGDN+ through the internet using remote access services. The router enables up to 15 machines to share a single data connection for access to the Internet or CGDN+. Each user must have a remote access token to facilitate CGDN+ access when not directly connected to a CGDN+.

Portable SIPRNet (PS)

(Source file: http://www.uscg.mil/hq/g-o/g-opr/On%20Scene/OSsummer2007.pdf)

The Portable SIPRNet (PS) provides secure communications up to the level of SECRET. The portable SIPRNet asset consists of standard approved image laptops, a satellite terminal and network equipment necessary to provide connections to SIPRNet at remote locations. It is housed in flyaway cases that can

be transported by two personnel as carry on baggage on commercial aircraft. PS can be deployed independently or as a module that plugs into the eMICP and MCV.

Telecommunications & Information Systems Command (TISCOM)

Coast Guard Telecommunication and Information Systems Command (TISCOM) located in Alexandria, Virginia, provides telecommunications, electronics, and information systems support to the Coast Guard. The Command is the Coast Guard's lead developer of voice and data communications systems. Building modern digital communication networks, integrating computer technology into the Coast Guard's daily routine is our primary responsibility. The focus of the TISCOM team of engineers, technicians, and support staff is to solve today's information technology problems through timely, quality service to the field.

TISCOM is organized into ten divisions: Administration, Ceremonial Honor Guard, Facilities Engineering, Workstation Engineering, INFOSYS Operations, Information Assurance, Telecommunication Operations, Network Engineering, Radio Systems and DMS (Defense Message System).

The Telecomm Operations Division has three Branches. This division manages the Coast Guard's voice, data and message telecommunication systems and services (FTS2000, Coast Guard Data Network, etc.) This Division also serves as the facility manager and maintains configuration control for Communication Stations, Communication Centers and coordination centers.

The Systems Support Branch maintains a Coast Guard wide HOTLINE desk for telecomm systems.

The Telecomm Systems Management Branch provides life cycle management and electronics equipment support for assigned telecommunication equipment. In addition, this Branch is responsible for telecommunication configuration management.

The Communications Services Branch supports the operation and management of voice and message telecommunication systems throughout the Coast Guard. It is the facility manager for fixed and mobile communications facilities. This Branch also serves as the account manager for all national level voice and data telecommunication services.

The Network Engineering Division is responsible for executing telecommunication engineering projects and related electronics and computer systems projects. Executing includes design, test/evaluations, procurement, delivery and installation.

The Radio Systems Division designs, develops, procures, tests, and installs all short and long range radio systems to meet established requirements

The DMS Division is responsible for overall development and implementation of a Multi-Year initiative to automate and streamline the Coast Guard Communication System. The Defense Message System is scheduled to replace the Automated Digital Network (AUTODIN) in December 1999. View the DMS Primer as a MS Word document -- download DMSPrimer.zip (228k), or view the document through your web browser as an HTML file.

The Information Systems Directorate (ISD) is responsible for handling contractual and technical issues associated with the Standard Workstation under the direction of the Information Systems Director.

This Directorate is organized into three areas: Workstation Engineering, INFOSYS Operations and Information Assurance.

The Workstation Engineering Division is responsible for Standard Workstation Three (SWIII) Configuration Management, Standard Workstation Image, SWIII server architecture/ implementation, SWIII architecture documentation, SWIII Contract hardware/software evaluation, New Technology, and SWIII Software Certification.

The INFOSYS Operations Division is responsible for the SWIII Help Desk, Exchange, and E-Mail help.

The Information Assurance Division provides secure telecommunication support for the Coast Guard coordinating cryptographic keying material and equipment needs for the Coast Guard. It also serves as the NATO sub-registry for the Coast Guard.

Operations Systems Center

The Operations Systems Center (OSC) is a government-owned, contractor-operated unit with the primary function of providing full life-cycle support for operationally-focused Coast Guard Automated Information Systems. These systems support the Coast Guard's five strategic missions: Protection of Natural Resources, National Defense, Maritime Safety, Mobility, and Security.

At the OSC's establishment in 1991, 45 full-time staff members supported five mission-critical information systems. Today, there are over 340 full-time staff members operating, maintaining, developing, and/or providing user support for over 35 enterprise-wide information systems. Team OSC, comprised of Active Duty Military, Federal Civilian, Contractors, and Reservists, provides technical support to Coast Guard Program Managers concerning these systems, to ensure proper system operation, analyze needs, and recommend configuration changes.

Rescue 21 Program

Source: Coast Guard Fact Sheet

The U.S. Coast Guard is replacing its outdated communications system in a project titled Rescue 21.

The Coast Guard's current backbone communications network is the National Distress and Response System (NDRS). Established more than 30 years ago, this VHF-FM-based radio communication system has a range of up to 20 nautical miles along most of the U.S. shoreline.

While this system has served the Coast Guard well over the years, it consists of out-of-date and non-standard equipment with many limitations. These include:

- Imprecise direction finding capability.
- Numerous geographic coverage gaps.
- Lack of interoperability for example, with other emergency response services.
- Single-channel radio operation, which prohibits the ability to receive radio calls when the system is previously engaged in a transmission.

To address the limitations of the current communications system, the Coast Guard has implemented a \$611 million program: Rescue 21.

Rescue 21 will replace a wide range of aging, obsolete VHF-FM radio communications equipment and will revolutionize how the Coast Guard communicates and carries out its various missions. The system offers:

- Enhanced VHF-FM and UHF (line-of-site) coverage, for more certain reception of distress calls.
- Position localization within 2 degrees of VHF-FM transmissions, so rescue vessels have a

- dramatically smaller area to search.
- An increase in the number of voice and data channels from one to six, allowing watchstanders to conduct multiple operations. No longer will a single caller in distress — or worse, a hoax caller prevent another caller from getting through.
- Protected communications for all Coast Guard operations.
- Position tracking of certain Coast Guard assets such as boats and cutters.
- Digital voice recording with immediate, enhanced playback, improving the chances for unclear messages to be understood.
- Improved interoperability among the Coast Guard and federal, state, and local partners, so additional resources can be added to rescue operations as needed.
- Digital selective calling (DSC), an alternate distress communication system used internationally on Channel 70. If properly registered with a Mobile Maritime Service Identity (MMSI) number and interfaced with GPS, the DSC radio signal transmits vital vessel information, position, and the nature of distress (if entered) at the push of a button. Please note that the Coast Guard will be DSC-enabled only where and when Rescue 21 is fully rolled-out.

Rescue 21 will provide the U.S. with a maritime distress and response communications system comparable to state-of-the-art systems in Great Britain and Norway, only on a much grander geographic scale. The Coast Guard's new system will also rival the land-based systems that many state and local emergency services already have in place.

By replacing outdated technology with a fully integrated communications system that bridges interoperability gaps, Rescue 21 boosts the ability to protect boaters and the nation's coasts. Saving lives and providing homeland security are both vital missions in the 21st century.

Where and When Rescue 21 will be Implemented

Rescue 21 is operational in the following Regions: Atlantic City, NJ Eastern Shore, MD

Rescue 21 construction is complete and testing is in progress in the following regions: Mobile, AL St. Petersburg, FL

Rescue 21 is under construction in the following regions: Seattle, WA Port Angeles, WA

Coast Guard Funding & Budgets

FY 09 Budget Request

The FY 09 budget request asks for \$6.2 billion for Operating Expenses and \$990 million for Deepwater as follows:

\$327 million for aircraft \$243 million for surface ships \$611 million for SAR \$722 million for drug interdiction

AIRCRAFT

- \$86.7 million for delivery of two HC-144A Maritime Patrol Aircraft
- \$64.5 million for 22 MH-65C helicopter conversions
- \$52.7 million for 8 HH-60 helicopter upgrades
- \$24.5 million for sensor upgrades for 9 HC-130s and center wing box replacements for 5 aircraft
- \$6.9 million for Armed Helicopter Follow-On/Atlantic Area Aviation Deployment Center to provide for the maintenance and upkeep of AUF equipment. The LANTAREA Deployment Center will serve as the replacement for HITRON
- \$24 million in operations funding for 4 HC-144A aircraft

SURFACE

\$353.7 million for NSC cutter #4

- \$115.3 million for 3 Fast Response Cutters
- \$35.5 million for upgrades of 5 Medium Endurance Cutters
- \$30.8 million for overhaul of four 110-foot patrol boats
- \$2.4 million for 3 cutter small boats
- \$64 million for 14 Response Boats-Medium

C4ISR

\$88.1 million for C4ISR items

- \$87.6 million for the Rescue 21 program
- \$7.1 million for upgrades for legacy cutters, boats, aircraft, and operations centers

FY 08 Budget Appropriation

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The FY 08 budget appropriation provided for \$5.9 billion for Operating Expenses and \$1.1 billion for Acquisition, Construction and Improvements.

FY 08 Appropriation Breakdown

AIRCRAFT

- \$11.5 million to increase the HH-65 fleet by 7 helicopters for the National Capital Region air defense mission
- \$170 million for 3 more HC-144A maritime patrol aircraft
- \$57.3 million for HH-60 conversion
- \$18.9 million for HC-130H sustainment

\$50.8 million for HH-65 conversion

\$24.6 million for Airborne Use of Force equipment to outfit 42 MH-65Cs and 7 MH-60Js

\$5.8 million for missionization and fleet introduction of the C-130Js. The missionization project has experienced an increase in estimated cost that exceeds 8% of the total contracted cost. Pending approval of a remediation plan to address the cost overrun, Coast Guard does not intend to expend funds missionizing C-130J four through six.

C4ISR

\$89.6 million for C4ISR

\$2.5 million for 12 HF transmitters

\$3.6 million for planning and design of an expansion to the Coast Guard Operations System Center.

\$80.3 million for the Rescue 21 communications upgrade program

\$12 million for Nationwide Automatic Identification System

SURFACE

\$165.7 million for the National Security Cutter (NSC) for NSC #3 and #4

\$11.5 million for Coast Guard to pilot an intensive maintenance regime for 110-foot Island Class patrol boats in District Seven. The additional funding provided will allow eight 110-foot patrol boats homeported in Miami, Key West and St. Petersburg, Florida to operate an additional 3,200 hours per year.

\$45 million for the response boat medium (RB-M) to support the acquisition of 14 additional RB-Ms.

FY 07 Budget Appropriation

The final FY 07 budget appropriation allocates \$7.8 billion to the Coast Guard. This includes \$1.066 billion for Deepwater. Operating expenses are funded at \$5.48 billion.

The bill includes \$1.33 billion for acquisition, construction and improvements; \$16 million to remove or repair bridges; \$17 million for research and development; \$122 million for reserve training; and \$1.063 billion for retired pay.

The funding request for a new Coast Guard headquarters complex in Washington, D.C. was deleted until the Homeland Security Department has finalized plans for moving other agencies to the space.

Lawmakers included \$127 million to speed up development of the Fast Response Cutter to replace the 110-foot patrol boats.

The acquisitions account also includes \$15 million for a new HH-60 Jayhawk to replace CG 6020 which was lost during a search and rescue mission in Alaska in December 2004 and \$49 million for avionics upgrades and a service life extension project for the HH-60s.

The appropriation also funds the purchase an HC-235, develop the Eagle Eye unmanned aerial vehicle, and fund a construction of a new national security cutter.

FY 07 Budget Request

USCG budget request for FY 07 is \$7.1 billion (\$8.4 billion when including retired pay). This includes \$934.4 million for the Deepwater program modernization and \$5.5 billion for operating expenses.

FY 07 Deepwater Spending Plan Breakdown

AIRCRAFT

\$16.1 million for HC-130J missionization and funds 2,000 flight hours

\$77.6 million for the HC-235 Maritime Patrol Aircraft program. This includes procurement and missionization of one CASA CN-235 300M Maritime Patrol Aircraft and funding for logistics to make two air stations operational using the new MPAs.

\$4.9 million for the VTOL Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (VUAV) program to buy one Ship Control Station (SCS) and one Ground Control Station (GCS)

\$49.3 million for HH-60Js to upgrade their avionics, radar, FLIR, and extend their service life. It also funds the arming of two more HH-60s.

\$32.4 million to complete replacement of HH-65 engines

\$25.7 million for Airborne Use of Force equipment for 34 HH-65Cs at seven air stations

\$30.5 million to fund operations for 29 helicopters outfitted for Airborne Use of Force, provide 600 flight hours for three covert surveillance aircraft, and 3,500 flight hours for three HC-235s

\$60.5 million to fund operations of 5 HH-65 helicopters for National Capital Region air defense. The helicopters are to be forward deployed at CGAS Atlantic City.

\$54 million for avionics modernization and surface-search radar replacement for 16 HC-130H long-range search aircraft

C4ISR

\$60.8 million for C4ISR upgrades and maintenance support for SIPRNET (Secret Internet Protocol Router Network) capability on Deepwater cutters to allow for transmission and reception of classified intelligence and information

\$17 million for domain awareness programs to include SIPRNET, Sector Command Centers and counterintelligence

\$11.2 million for nationwide Automatic Identification System (AIS) upgrades

\$39.6 million for Rescue 21 communications modernization program

SURFACE

National Security Cutter (NSC) - \$417.8 million - Funds the Full Operational Capability of NSC #1 and the construction and long lead items for NSC #4

\$41.6 million for the production of the first 140 foot Fast Response Cutter

\$24.7 million for Medium Response Boat - will fund 180 small boats to replace 41 foot boats currently in

service

\$1.2 million for production of one Long Range Interceptor (LRI, 36-foot small boat) and one Short Range Prosecutor (SRP, 24-foot small boat)

Surface Legacy Sustainment/Enhancements \$37.8 million - Funds the Maintenance Effectiveness Project (MEP) for 270' and 210' Medium Endurance Cutters (WMEC), which includes replacing major subsystems such as small boat davits, oily water separators, air conditioning & refrigeration plants, and evaporators and upgrade of main propulsion control and monitoring systems.

\$66.8 million for surface operations (fuel & maintenance)

\$4.7 million for one prototype Maritime Security Mission Team (MSRT) with two Direct Action Sections (DAS) to provide 24/7 capability

LOGISTICS

\$42.3 million for the Logistics Information Management System

\$2.5 million for HF communications recapitalization to replace 88 HF transmitters

\$50.2 million for a new Coast Guard headquarters building

\$29.1 million for shore facilities

The FY 07 budget request also calls for:

- Phase 1 of termination of the LORAN ATN program
- Decom USCGC GENTIAN
- Decom USCGC STORIS and replace it in Kodiak with USCGC MUNRO

FY 06 Budget Appropriation

The final FY06 Coast Guard budget appropriation is \$6.8 billion. \$933.1 million allocated for the Deepwater program.

FY 06 Budget Request

USCG budget request for FY06 was \$6.9 billion, an 11.4-percent increase over the comparable 2005 level. This includes:

\$1.9 billion for the Coast Guard's Port, Waterways, and Coastal Security mission, to fund a variety of high-priority Coast Guard initiatives like armed, high-speed boats in ports with liquefied natural gas terminals, further implementation of the Automatic Identification System to track sea-going vessels and enhance Maritime Domain Awareness, new weapons systems for the Coast Guard's helicopter fleet, and implementation of the Common Operating Picture to enable Coast Guard assets to work better together.

\$515 Million for SAR

\$653 Million for drug interdiction

\$966,000,000 shall be available until September 30, 2010, for the Integrated Deepwater Systems program.

\$966M FY06 Deepwater Spending Plan Details

AIRCRAFT

Deepwater aircraft funding request for FY06 is \$259 million. Which breaks down as follows:

Maritime Patrol Aircraft (MPA) - No funding requested in FY06. Three HC-235s were ordered last year with an option for five more.

VTOL Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (VUAV) \$57 million - Funds production of the third VUAV, the Full Operational Capability and missionization of the first three VUAVs, and acquisition of ground control technology and training.

HH-65 Re-engine \$133.1 million - Purchases and installs engines. Restores safety and reliability of aircraft power plant.

HH-60 Avionics \$25 million Upgrades - HH-60J avionics suite, aircraft electrical wiring, and connectors.

HH-60 SLEP \$6.3 million - Extends service life by replacing fittings, electrical wiring, and structural elements.

HH-60 Radar/FLIR Replacement \$5.9 million - Replaces weather/search radar and upgrades FLIR 2000 thermal imaging system.

HC-130 Electronics Upgrade \$16.3 million - Upgrades avionics, MILSATCOM equipment, and weather radar.

HC-130 Search Radar \$15.4 million - Replaces search radar.

C4ISR

C4ISR \$ 74.4 million

Common Operating Picture (COP) # 32 million - Funds C4ISR Increment 3 which results in greater functionality of the standard Command and Control System (CG-C2) used aboard cutters, aircraft and shore assets.

Cutter Upgrades - C4ISR 4 \$36 million - C4ISR hardware and software improvements for 270' and 210' Medium Endurance Cutters

(WMEC) including Boarding Party Communications, Law Enforcement/Marine Band Radio, MF/HF Frequency Band Voice & Data Automatic Link Establishment (MF/HF ALE) Radio, UHF band Navy Data Link Radio, and replaces the Radio Direction Finding (RDF) System and Identification Friend or Foe (IFF) Transponder & Interrogator System.

Shore Sites 2 \$6.4 million - Procurement, testing, and installation of Medium and High Frequency Band Automatic Link

Establishment (MF/HF ALE) infrastructure at Communications Area Master Stations and Communications Stations.

SURFACE

Surface \$522.4 million

National Security Cutter (NSC) \$368 million - Funds the Full Operational Capability of NSC #1 and the construction and long lead items for NSC #3.

Offshore Patrol Cutter (OPC) Complete Design \$108 million - Completes the design and acquires select long lead items for the lead ship.

IDS Patrol Boats- Fast Response Cutter \$7.5 million - Funds Initial Operation Capability for the lead ship.

IDS Small Boats - Long Range Interceptor \$1.4 million - Production of two LRIs, one each for NSCs #2 and #3.

Surface Legacy Sustainment/Enhancements \$37.5 million - Funds the Maintenance Effectiveness Project (MEP) for 270' and 210' Medium Endurance Cutters (WMEC), which includes replacing major subsystems such as small boat davits, oily water separators, air conditioning & refrigeration plants, and evaporators and upgrade of main propulsion control and monitoring systems. 270' MEP (\$7.5M per Hull) 3 \$22.5 million 210' MEP (\$5M per Hull) 3 \$15.0 million

LOGISTICS

Facilities Required for Future Asset Deployments \$10.1 million - Construction of MPA hangar at ATC Mobile, the OCCSU and pier upgrades at Alameda, CA, and an addition to CG Communication Master Station, Atlantic (CAMSLANT) in Chesapeake, VA

USCG Sector/Station List

LANTAREA

CAMSLANT Chesapeake
Maintenance and Logistics Command Atlantic (MLCLANT)
ISC Portsmouth
Training Center Cape May
Training Center Yorktown
Aviation Technical Training Center Elizabeth City
Atlantic Area Deployment Center, Jacksonville, FL
PSU 301, Cape Cod, MA
PSU 305, Fort Eustis, VA
PSU 309, Port Clinton, OH

District 1:

LORAN Station Caribou, ME
LORAN Station Nantucket, MA
CGAS Cape Cod, MA
Sector Northern New England
MSFO Belfast, ME
MSFO New Castle, NH (Portsmouth)
Station Boothbay Harbor, ME
Station Burlington, VT
Station Portsmouth Harbor, NH
Station South Portland, ME

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ANT Portland
Sector Field C
Statio
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Sector Field Office Southwest Harbor

Station Eastport, ME Station Jonesport, ME

Station Southwest Harbor, ME

ANT Southwest Harbor Station Rockland, ME

Sector Boston

Station Merrimack River, MA

Station Gloucester, MA

Station Boston, MA

Station Point Allerton, MA

Station Scituate, MA

Light Station Boston, MA

Sector Southeastern New England

Station Provincetown, MA

Station Chatham, MA

Station Cape Cod Canal, MA

Station Woods Hole, MA

Station Brant Point, MA

Station Menemsha, MA

Station Castle Hill, RI

Station Point Judith, RI

MSFO Cape Cod

MSFO New Bedford

ANT Bristol

ANT Woods Hole

Sector Long Island Sound

ANT Long Island Sound

MSD Coram

Station Eaton's Neck

Station New Haven, CT

Station New London, CT

Sector Field Office Moriches

ANT Moriches

Station Fire Island, NY

Station Jones Beach, NY

Station Montauk, NY

Sector New York, NY

ANT Saugerties

ANT New York

Station New York, NY

Station Sandy Hook, NJ

Station Shinnecock, NY

District 5:

CGAS Atlantic City

CGAS Elizabeth City

LORAN Station Wilmington, NC

Sector Baltimore

Station Annapolis, MD

Station St. Inigoes, MD

Station Crisfield, MD

Station Curtis Bay, MD

Station Washington, DC

Station Oxford, MD

Station Stillpond, MD

Station IMARV Taylor's Island

Sector Delaware Bay

Station Philadelphia, PA SARDET Salem, NJ

Sector Field Office Atlantic City

Station Atlantic City, NJ

Station Barnegat Inlet, NJ

Station Beach Haven, NJ (seasonal)

Station Cape May, NJ

Station/SARDET Fortescue, NJ (seasonal)

Station Great Egg, NJ (seasonal)

Station Manasquan, NJ

SARDET Roosevelt Island, NJ (seasonal)

Station Sharks River, NJ (seasonal)

Station Townsend Inlet, NJ (seasonal)

Sector Hampton Roads

Station Little Creek, VA

Station Cape Charles, VA

Station Portsmouth, VA

Station Milford Haven, VA

Sector Field Office Eastern Shore

Station Chincoteague, VA

Station Wachapreague, VA

Station Indian River Inlet, DE

Station Ocean City, MD

Sector North Carolina

MSU Wilmington, NC

Station Fort Macon, NC

Station Wrightsville Beach, NC

Station Emerald Isle, NC

Station Hobucken, NC

Station Oak Island, NC

Station Ocracoke, NC (to be closed)

Station Oregon Inlet, NC

Station Hatteras Inlet, NC

Station Elizabeth City, NC

Sector Field Office Cape Hatteras

District 7:

CGAS Miami

CGAS Savannah

AIRFAC Charleston

CGAS Clearwater

CGAS Key West

MFPU Kings Bay, GA

Sector Charleston

Station Charleston, SC

Station Georgetown, SC

Station Tybee Island, GA

Station Brunswick, GA

MSU Savannah, GA

Sector Miami

Station Miami Beach, FL

Station Fort Lauderdale, FL

Station Lake Worth Inlet, FL

Station Fort Pierce, FL

Sector St. Petersburg

Station Yankeetown, FL

Station Sand Key, FL

Station St. Petersburg, FL

Station Cortez, FL

Station Fort Myers Beach, FL

Sector Key West

Station Key West, FL

Station Marathon, FL

Station Islamadora, FL

Sector Jacksonville

Station Mayport, FL

Station New Smyrna Beach, FL

Station Port Canaveral, FL

Sector San Juan

CGAS Boringuen

Station San Juan, PR

District 8:

CGAS New Orleans

ATC Mobile

LORAN Station Boise City (Felt, OK)

LORAN Station Dana, IN

Gulf Coast Primary Crew Assembly Facility, Pascagoula, MS

Sector Corpus Christi

CGAS Corpus Christi

Station South Padre Island, TX

Station Port Aransas, TX

Station Port O'Connor, TX

LORAN Station Raymondville, TX

LORAN Station Las Cruces, NM

Sector Houston-Galveston, TX

CGAS Houston

Station Freeport (Surfside, TX)

Station Sabine, TX

MSU Lake Charles, LA

MSU Port Arthur, TX

Sector Field Office Galveston, TX

Station Galveston, TX

Sector Mobile, AL

Station Dauphin Island (Mobile, AL)

Station Pascagoula, MS

Station Destin, FL

Station Panama City, FL

Station Pensacola, FL

LORAN Station Malone, FL

Sector New Orleans, LA

Station New Orleans, LA

Station Grand Isle, LA

Station Venice, LA

Station Gulfport, MS

LORAN Station Grangeville, LA

MSU Baton Rogue, LA

MSU Houma, LA

MSU Morgan City, LA

Sector Ohio Valley (Louisville, KY)

SSD Chattanooga, TN

SSD Hickman, KY

SSD Owensboro, KY

SSD Paris Landing, TN

SSD Sewickly, PA

MSU Huntington, WV

MSD Cincinnati, OH

MSU Paducah, KY

MSD Nashville, TN

MSU Pittsburgh, PA

Sector Upper Mississippi River (Keokuk, IA)

LORAN Station Gillette, WY

Sector Lower Mississippi River (Memphis, TN)

MSD Greenville

MSD Fort Smith

MSD Vicksburg

District 9:

CGAS Detroit

CGAS Traverse City

Sector Buffalo

Station Alex Bay

Station Sackets Harbor, NY

Station Oswego, NY

Station Sodus Point

Station Rochester, NY

Station Niagara, NY

Station Buffalo, NY

Station Erie, PA Station Ashtabula

Station Fairport

LORAN Station Seneca, NY

MSU Cleveland, OH

Sector Detroit

Station Tawas, MI

Station Saginaw River, MI

Station Harbor Beach, MI

Station Port Huron, MI

Station St. Clair Shores, MI

Station Belle Isle, MI

Station Toledo, OH

Station Marblehead, OH

Station Lorain, OH

Station Cleveland Harbor, OH

MSU Toledo, OH

Sector Lake Michigan

Station Sturgeon Bay

Station Green Bay

Station Two Rivers

Station Sheboygan

Station Milwaukee

Station Kenosha

Station Wilmette Harbor

Station Calumet Harbor

MSU Chicago

Sector Field Office Grand Haven

Station Charlevoix

Station Frankfort

Station Manistee

Station Ludington

Station Muskegon

Station Grand Haven

Station Holland

Station St. Joseph

Station Michigan City

Sector Sault Ste Marie

Station Bayfield, WI

Station Duluth, MN

Station Marquette, MI

Station Portage, MI

Station St Ignace, MI

MSU Duluth, MI

ISD Sault Ste Marie, MI

PACAREA

CAMSPAC Point Reyes

Maintenance and Logistics Command Pacific (MLCP)

ISC Alameda

Training Center Petaluma, CA

Pacific Area Training Team

PSU 311

District 11:

CGAS San Francisco

CGAS Sacramento

CGAS Los Angeles

Station Lake Tahoe

LORAN Station Fallon, NV

LORAN Station Middletown

LORAN Station Searchlight

Sector Los Angeles-Long Beach

Station Los Angeles, CA

Station Morro Bay, CA

Station Channel Islands Harbor, CA

Sector San Diego

CGAS San Diego

Station San Diego, CA

Sector San Francisco

Station San Francisco, CA

Station Golden Gate, CA

Station Monterey, CA

Station Rio Vista, CA

Station Bodega Bay, CA

Station Vallejo, CA

CGAS Humboldt Bay

Station Humboldt Bay, CA Station Novo River, CA

District 13:

LORAN Station George LORAN Station Havre MFPU Bangor, WA

Sector Seattle

Station Seattle, WA CGAS Port Angeles Station Port Angeles, WA Station Neah Bay, WA Station Quillayute River, WA Station Bellingham, WA

Sector Portland

CGAS North Bend
CGAS Astoria
Station Portland, OR
Station Chetco River
Station Coos Bay
Station Umpqua River
Station Yaquina Bay
Station Depoe Bay
Station Coquille River
Station Siuslaw River
Station Tillamook Bay

Station Cape Disappointment

Station Grays Harbor

District 14:

CGAS Barbers Point Sector Honolulu

> Base Sand Island, HI ISC Sand Island Station Maui

Sector Guam

District 17:

CGAS Kodiak CGAS Sitka AIRFAC Cordova

Communications Station Kodiak, AK

LORAN Station Attu, AK LORAN Station Kodiak, AK LORAN Station Port Clarence, AK LORAN Station Shoal Cove, AK

LORAN Station St. Paul Island, AK - HH-60J forward deployment site

LORAN Station Tok, AK

Sector Juneau

Station Juneau, AK Station Ketchikan, AK

Sector Anchorage

MSU Valdez, AK

DEPLOYABLE OPERATIONS GROUP

MSST 91101 -- Seattle

MSST 91102 -- Chesapeake, Va.

MSST 91103 -- Los Angeles/Long Beach

MSST 91104 -- Houston/Galveston MSST 91105 -- San Francisco

MSST 91106 -- Ft. Wadsworth, NY

MSST 91107 -- Honolulu, HI MSST 91108 -- St. Marys, Ga.

MSST 91109 -- San Diego, CA

MSST 91110 -- Boston, MA

MSST 91111 -- Anchorage

MSST 91112 -- New Orleans

MSST 91114 - Miami

National Strike Force

Maritime Security Response Team

Port Security Units

CAMSLANT/CAMSPAC HF Transmitter Sites

(Public Information in FCC Docs)

COMMSTA Boston, Maspee, MA - 41° 24′ 00" N 070° 18′ 57" W

CAMSLANT Chesapeake, VA - 36° 33' 59" N 076° 15' 23" W

COMMSTA Miami, Miami, FL - 25° 36' 58" N 080° 23' 04" W

COMMSTA New Orleans, Belle Chasse, LA - 29° 52' 40" N 089° 54' 46" W

CAMSPAC Point Reyes, CA - 38º 06' 00" N 122º 55' 48" W

COMMSTA Honolulu, Wahiawa, HI - 21º 31' 08" N 157º 59' 28" W

COMMSTA Kodiak, Kodiak, AK - 57º 04' 26" N 152º 28' 20" W

GUAM, Finegayan, GU - 13° 53' 08" N 144° 50' 20" E

Coast Guard Terminology

Coast Guard Air Station **AIRSTA**

Aerospace Maintenance And Regeneration Group, Davis Monthan AFB **AMARG**

AMVER Automated Mutual Assistance Vessel Rescue System ARSC Aircraft Supply & Repair Center, Elizabeth City, NC BLACKJACK HH-65 on National Capital Region air defense mission

BENCHMARK Term for reference point (used to pass position)

Communications Area Master Station Atlantic, Chesapeake, VA CAMSLANT Communications Area Master Station Pacific, Point Reyes, CA CAMSPAC

CASPER C-130 Airborne Sensory Palletized Electronic Reconnaissance equipment

CHARLIE Copy, Clear (as in affirmative) Communications Station COMMSTA **Data Marker Buoy**

DMB

DOLPHIN HH-65C DRAGON HH-65C

Emergency Locator Transmitter ELT

eMICP Enhanced Mobile Incident Command Post EPIRB Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacon

Electronics Support Detachment ESD

FALCON ## HU-25 FLIR Forward-Looking Infra-red

FOXTROT ## HU-25

FOXTROT MIKE "FM" Frequency, most often VHF Marine Band

HAWK ## USCG callsign HERK ## HC-130H

HOMEPLATE Aircraft's home airfield HOTEL/HIGH FOX High Frequency Radio

IN THE BLIND Sending message without hearing response

JAYHAWK ## HH-60J JULIET ## HH-60J

KINGBUSTERS ## USCG small boats
LANDLINE Standard Telephone
LIMA CHARLIE Loud and Clear

LE PATROL Law Enforcement Patrol MEDEVAC Medical Evacuation

MCV Mobile Communications Vehicle

MSD Marine Safery Detachment (subordinate to an MSO)

MSO Marine Safety Office

NVG Night Vision Goggles

OMNI ## HC-130 on a law enforcement mission

OPBAT Operation Bahamas, Turks and Caicos joint counterdrug operation (USCG, DEA,

& CBP)

PANTHER Joint DEA/USCG counterdrug ops center, Nassau, Bahamas

PCS Portable Computer Store
PIW Person(s) In Water

POB People/Persons On Board PPR Prior Permission Required

PS Portable SIPRNet

RESCUE USCG aircraft on actual SAR mission

RCC Rescue Coordination Center
RTB Return To Base
SABER USCG Auxiliary Aircraft

SAR CASE Search And Rescue Mission SARSAT Search And Rescue Satellite

SCN Systems Coordination Net (HF Ship-Shore Radio)

SHARK ## USCG Cutter SITREP Situation Report

SLDMB Self-Locating Datum Marker Buoy

SOB Souls On Board, older term for POB often used by USCG

SSD Shoreside Support Detachments

STINGRAY ## HU-25 now also being used by MH-68As SWORDFISH ## HH-60J, also used by HU-25 Falcons on Cape Cod

TCC Transportable Communications Center THUNDER ## Possible MSST Team callsign

UNIFORM HOTEL Ultra High Frequency Radio VICTOR SIERRA Sector search by single asset

ZEAL ## HH-65C

Links of Interest

USCG homepage: http://uscg.mil/

An excellent unofficial USCG blog: http://ucgblog.blogspot.com/

Coast Guard Report: http://coastguardreport.org/

Remote Pacific coast VHF radio: http://www.shiptoshoreradio.com/

Coast Guard news: https://www.piersystem.com/external/index.cfm?cid=786

Track ship movements on your computer: http://shipplotter.com/

ShipCom LLC: http://www.shipcom.com

SARSAT: http://www.sarsat.noaa.gov/

USCG Amateur Radio Net: http://www.uscgradio.net/

AMVER: http://www.amver.com/

The Coast Guard Channel: http://www.coastguardchannel.com/index.shtml

Coast Guard News: http://www.coastguardnews.com/

Fred's Place: http://www.fredsplace.org/

Sources: Various USCG fact sheets, hazegray.org, US Navy League Seapower 2008 Almanac, ACP-113(AG), Hugh Stegman's Federal Callsign List, various data from the old WUN List